



NCR 2356–1203 Laser Scanner

User Guide

B005–0000–1781

July 2011

EMC COMPLIANCE

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Canadian Class A Device Declaration

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la classe A prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le ministère des Communications du Canada.

EU EMC Directive 2004/108/EC

This equipment has been found to comply with the essential requirements of EMC Directive 2004/108/EC, by testing to harmonized standard, EN55022 and EN55024. The equipment complies with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to EN55022.

This is a Class A product, in a domestic/residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Information to User

This equipment must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. However, there is no guarantee that interference to radio communications will not occur in a particular commercial installation. If this equipment does cause interference, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to consult an NCR service representative immediately.

CAUTION

NCR Corporation is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorised modifications of this equipment or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than those specified by NCR. Such unauthorized modifications, substitutions, or attachments may void the user's authority to operate the equipment. The correction of interference caused by such unauthorized modifications, substitutions, or attachments will be the responsibility of the user.

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Revision Record

Revision	Chapter Name	Reason for change	Date
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A		Guide format updates. No content changes.	March 2006
A		Motorola rebranding, add hands free stand assembly instructions, add new UPC/EAN supplemental options and Bookland ISBN format option.	January 2008
A		Add HD model, change UCC/EAN–128 code type name to GS1–128.	August 2008
B	All	Conversion to NCR standards	July 2011

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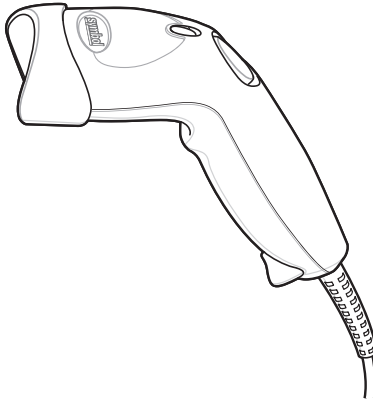
Appendix E: Character Sets

Getting Started

INTRODUCTION

The scanner combines excellent scanning performance and advanced ergonomics to provide the best value in a lightweight laser scanner. Whether used in triggered mode or Auto-Scan™ mode, the scanner ensures comfort and ease of use for extended periods of time.

Note: The scanner does not support PDF417 bar codes and its variants.



This scanner supports the following interfaces:

- Keyboard Wedge connection to a host. The host interprets scanned data as keystrokes. This interface supports the following international keyboards (for Windows® environment):
 - North America
 - German
 - French
 - French Canadian
 - Spanish
 - Italian
 - Swedish
 - UK English
 - Portuguese–Brazilian
 - Japanese

Getting Started

- Standard RS–232 connection to a host. Scan bar code menus to set up proper communication of the scanner with the host.
- USB connection to a host.

The scanner autodetects a USB host and defaults to the HID keyboard interface type. Scan programming bar code menus to select other USB interface types. This interface supports the following international keyboards (for Windows[®] environment):

- North America
- German
- French
- French Canadian
- Spanish
- Italian
- Swedish
- UK English
- Portuguese–Brazilian
- Japanese

UNPACKING

Remove the scanner from the box and inspect the scanner for damage. If the scanner was damaged in transit, call NCR Support.

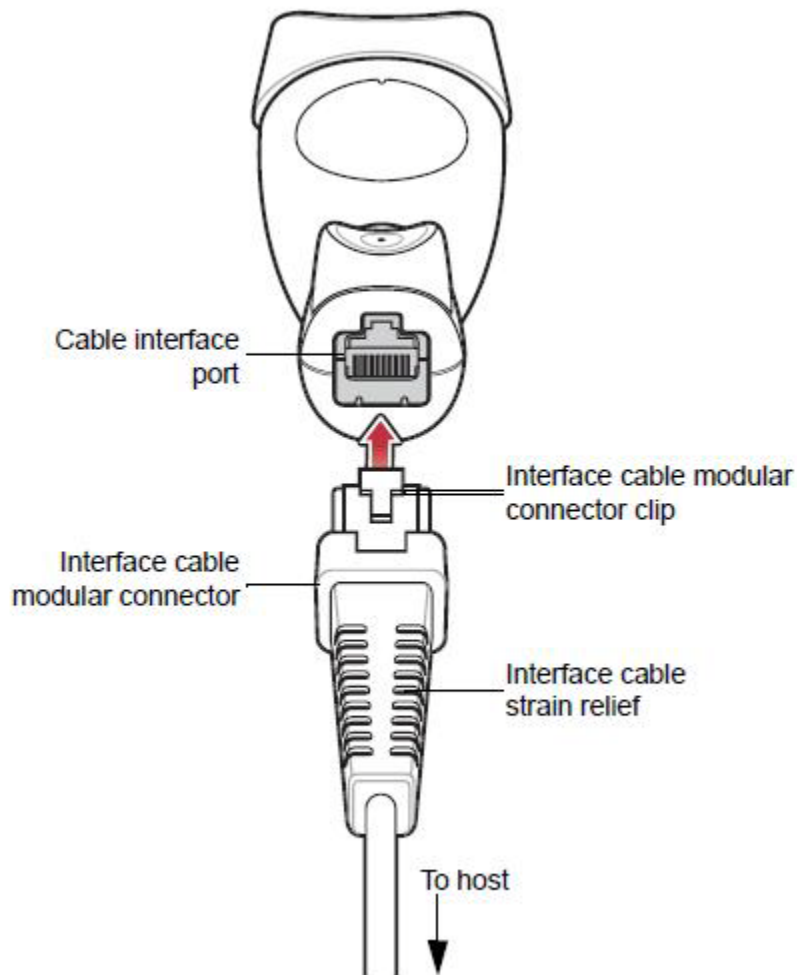
Note: Keep the box of the scanner. If the equipment needs to be returned for servicing, use the approved shipping container.

SETTING UP THE SCANNER

Installing the Interface Cable

To connect the interface cable:

1. Insert the interface modular connector clip of the cable into the cable interface port on the bottom of the scanner handle. This is displayed in the figure below.
2. Gently tug the cable to ensure the connector is properly secured.
3. Connect the other end of the interface cable to the host. Refer to specific host chapter for information on host connections..

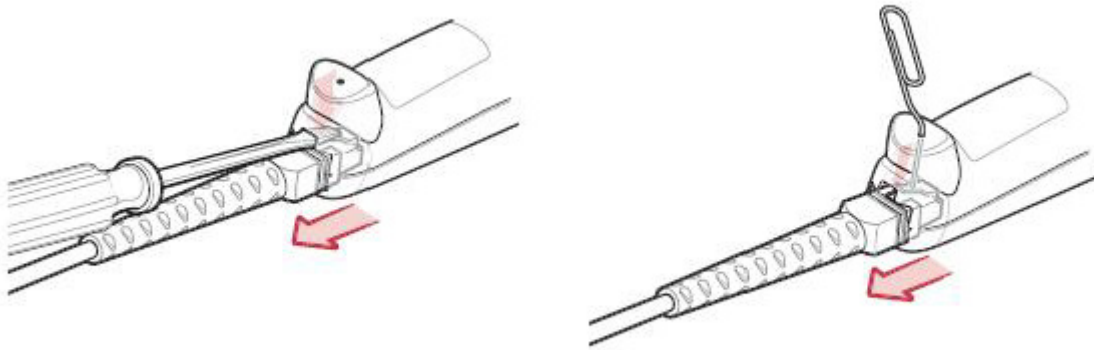


Note: Different cables are required for different hosts. The connectors illustrated in each host chapter are examples only. Actual connectors may be different than those illustrated, but the steps to connect the scanner remain the same.

Removing the Interface Cable

To remove the interface cable:

1. Depress the connector clip with the tip of a screwdriver or a paper clip to unplug the installed cable modular connector. This is displayed in the figure below.



2. Carefully slide out the cable.
3. To connect a new cable, *see* “Installing the Interface Cable” section of this chapter.

Connecting Power (if required)

If the host does not provide power to the scanner, an external power connection to the scanner is required. To connect power:

1. Connect the interface cable to the bottom of the scanner. *See* “Installing the Interface Cable” section of this chapter for more information.
2. Connect the other end of the interface cable to the host.

Note: Refer to the host manual to locate the correct port.

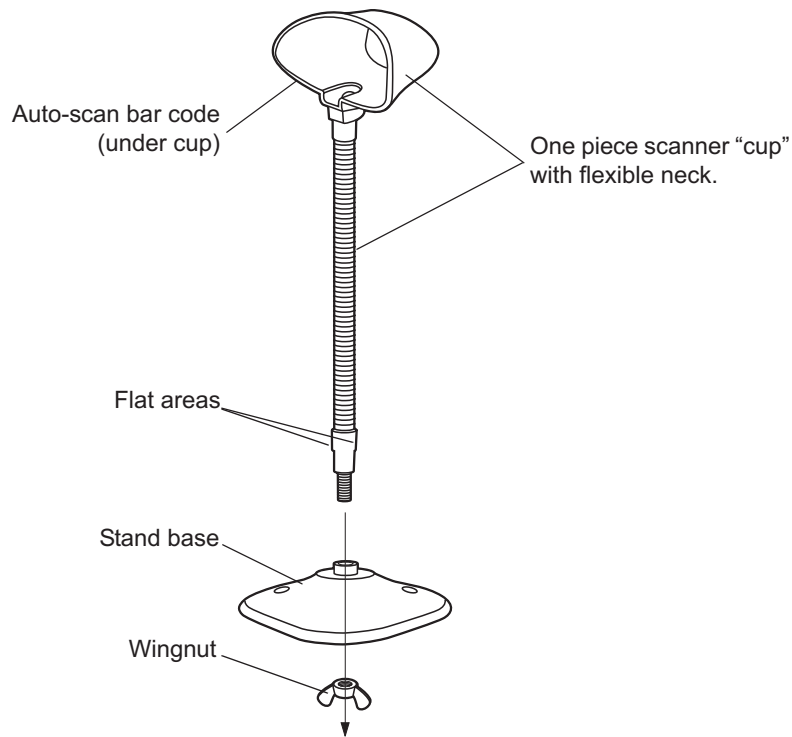
3. Plug the power supply into the power jack on the interface cable. Plug the other end of the power supply into an AC outlet.

Assembling the Hands Free Stand

1. Unscrew the wingnut from the bottom of the flexible neck.
2. Fit the bottom of the neck piece into the opening on the top of the stand base. When positioned correctly, the flat areas of the neck piece fit into place in the stand base opening.
3. Tighten the wingnut underneath the base to secure the cup and neck piece to the base.

Getting Started

4. Bend the neck to the desired position for scanning.



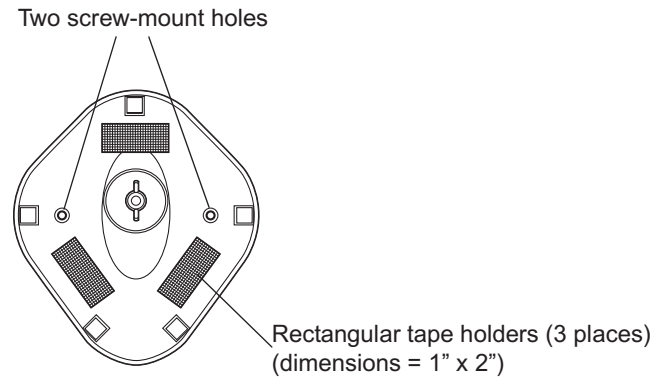
Set Auto-scan Mode

To enable hands free scanning, scan the **Auto-scan Mode** bar code on the back of the cup to set the scanner to auto-scan mode.

Mount Stand (Optional)

Use two screws or double-sided tape to attach the base of the scanner stand to a flat surface.

Note: Screws and double-sided tape are not provided.



Screw Mount

1. Position the assembled base on a flat surface.
2. Screw one #10 wood screw into each screw-mount hole until the base of the stand is secure.

Tape Mount

1. Peel the paper liner off one side of each piece of tape and place the sticky surface over each of the three rectangular tape holders.
2. Peel the paper liner off the exposed sides of each piece of tape and press the stand on a flat surface until it is secure.

Configuring the Scanner

To configure the scanner, use the bar codes included in this user guide, or the 123Scan configuration program.

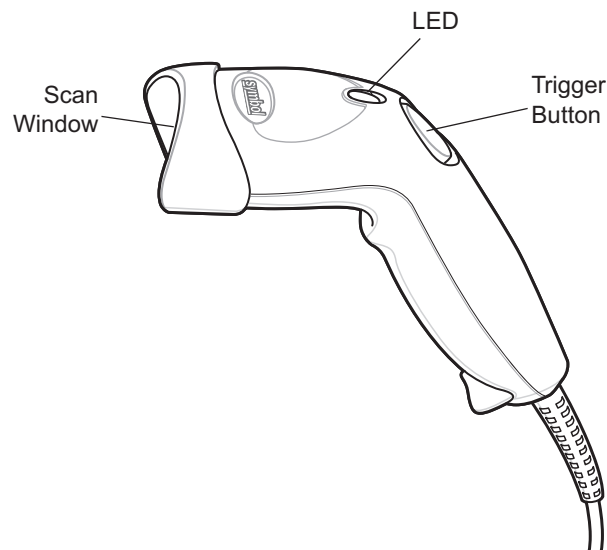
See "User Preferences" and "Symbologies" chapters of this book to program the scanner using bar code menus. Also see each host-specific chapter to set up a connection to a specific host type.

See "123Scan" chapter of this book to configure the scanner using this configuration program. A help file is available in the program.

Scanning

INTRODUCTION

This chapter provides beeper and LED definitions, techniques involved in scanning bar codes, general instructions and tips about scanning, and decode zone diagrams.



BEEPER DEFINITIONS

The scanner issues different beep sequences and patterns to indicate status. The table displayed below defines beep sequences that occur during both normal scanning and while programming the scanner.

Beeper Sequence	Indication
Standard Use	
Low/medium/high beeps	This indicates a power up.
Short high beeps	This indicates that a bar code symbol is decoded (if decode beeper is enabled)
4 long low beeps	A transmission error is detected in a scanned symbol. The data is ignored. This occurs if a unit is not properly configured. Check option setting.
5 low beeps	This indicates conversion or format error.
Low/high/low beeps	This indicates an Advanced Data Formatting (ADF) transmit error.
High/high/high/low beeps	This is an RS-232 receive error.
Parameter Menu Scanning	
Short high beeps	Correct entry scanned or correct menu sequence performed.
Low/high beeps	Input error, incorrect bar code or “Cancel” scanned, wrong entry, incorrect bar code programming sequence; remain in program mode.
High/low beeps	Keyboard parameter selected. Enter value using bar code keypad.
High/low/high/low beeps	Successful program exit with change in the parameter setting.
Low/high/low/high beeps	Out of host parameter storage space. See “User Preferences” chapter of this book to scan Default Parameters.
Code 39 Buffering	
High/low beeps	New Code 39 data is entered into the buffer.
3 Beeps—long high beeps	Code 39 buffer is full.
Low/high/low beeps	The Code 39 buffer was erased or there was an attempt to clear or transmit an empty buffer.
Low/high beeps	This indicates a successful transmission of buffered data.
Host Specific	
USB only	
4 short high beeps	This indicates that the scanner has not completed initialization. Wait several seconds and scan again.

Beeper Sequence	Indication
Scanner gives a power-up beep after scanning a USB Device Type.	Communication with the bus must be established before the scanner can operate at the highest power level.
This power-up beep occurs more than once.	The USB bus may put the scanner in a state where power to the scanner is cycled on and off more than once. This is normal and usually happens when the host cold boots.
RS-232 only	
1 short high beep	A <BEL> character is received and Beep on <BEL> is enabled.

LED DEFINITIONS

In addition to beeper sequences, the scanner communicates with the user using a two-color LED display. The table displayed below defines LED colors that display during scanning.

LED	Indication
Off	This indicates that no power is applied to the scanner or scanner is on and ready to .
Green	This indicates a bar code is successfully decoded.
Red	This indicates a data transmission error or scanner malfunction.

SCANNING

The scanner operates in two scanning modes:

- Triggered mode—press the trigger button to emit the scanner laser
- Auto-Scan™ mode—the scanner laser is in constant on state and no trigger button press is required

To toggle between scanning modes:

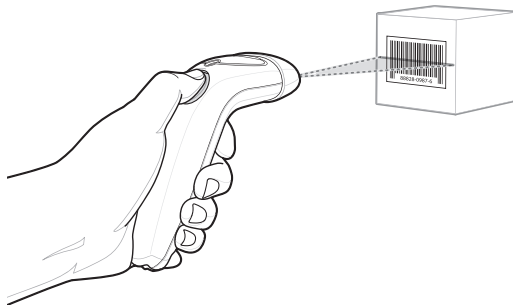
- If the scanner is in triggered mode, scan **Triggered/Auto-Scan™** to switch to Auto-Scan™ mode. *See* “User Preferences” chapter of this book for Triggered/Auto-Scan™ bar code.
- If the scanner is in Auto-Scan™ mode, scan **Triggered/Auto-Scan™** to switch to triggered mode. *See* “User Preferences” chapter of this book for Triggered/Auto-Scan™ bar code.

Note: When the scanner is not used for an extended period of time in Auto-Scan™ mode, it enters sleep mode. To wake the scanner, press the trigger button.

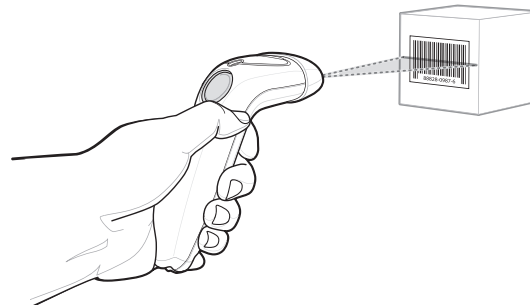
To scan a bar code:

1. Install and program the scanner. *See* “Installing the Interface Cable” section of the “Getting Started” chapter of this book for more information. For assistance, contact NCR Support.
2. Ensure all connections are secure. *See* the host chapter for the scanner.
3. Aim the scanner at the bar code.
4. If the scanner is in the triggered mode, press the trigger button.

Note: In Auto-Scan™ mode, no trigger button press is required. The scanner laser is in constant on mode.



Triggered Mode



Auto-Scan™ Mode

5. Upon successful decode, the scanner beeps and the LED turns green. *See* “Beeper

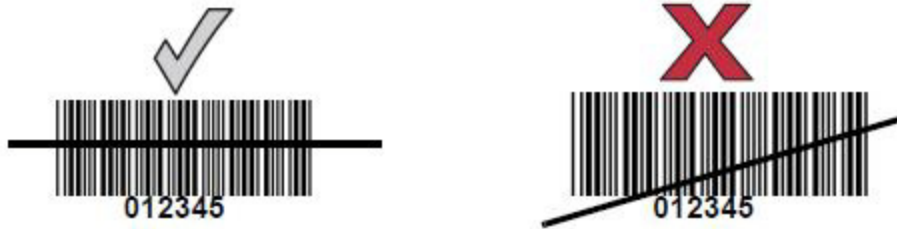
Scanning

Definitions” section in this chapter for more information.

Note: Scan line lengths vary depending on the line width selected. See “Scan Line Width” of the “User Preferences” chapter of this book for more information. A fullscan line width is the default. The medium line width is useful for scanning menus or pick-lists.

Aiming

On a typical UPC 100% bar code symbol, hold the scanner between contact 7 inches from the symbol. See “Decode Zones” section of this chapter for more information. Ensure the scan line crosses every bar and space of the symbol.



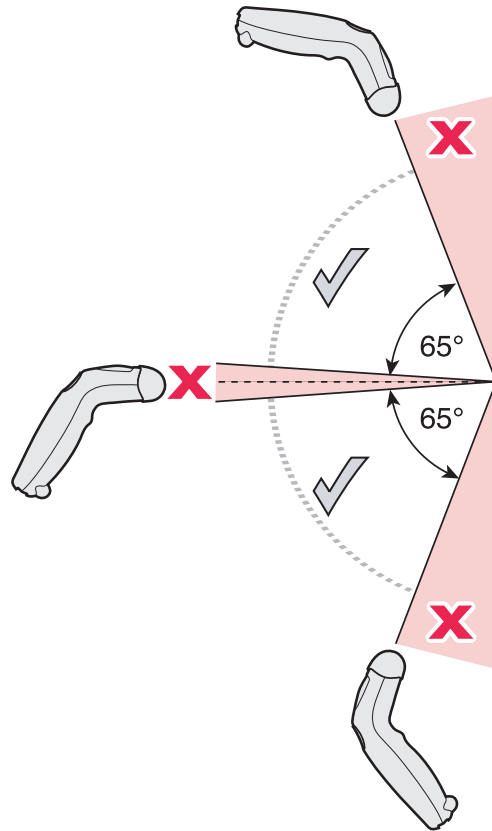
The scan line is smaller when the scanner is closer to the symbol and larger when it is farther from the symbol. Scan symbols with smaller bars or elements (mil size) closer to the scanner and those with larger bars or elements (mil size) farther from the scanner.

CAUTION

Do not hold the scanner directly over the bar code. Laser light reflecting directly back into the scanner from the bar code is known as specular reflection. Specular reflection can make decoding difficult.

Note: Scan line lengths vary depending on the scan line width selected. A full scan line width is the default. The medium scan line width is useful for scanning menus or pick-lists. See “Scan Line Width” of the “User Preferences” chapter of this book for more information.

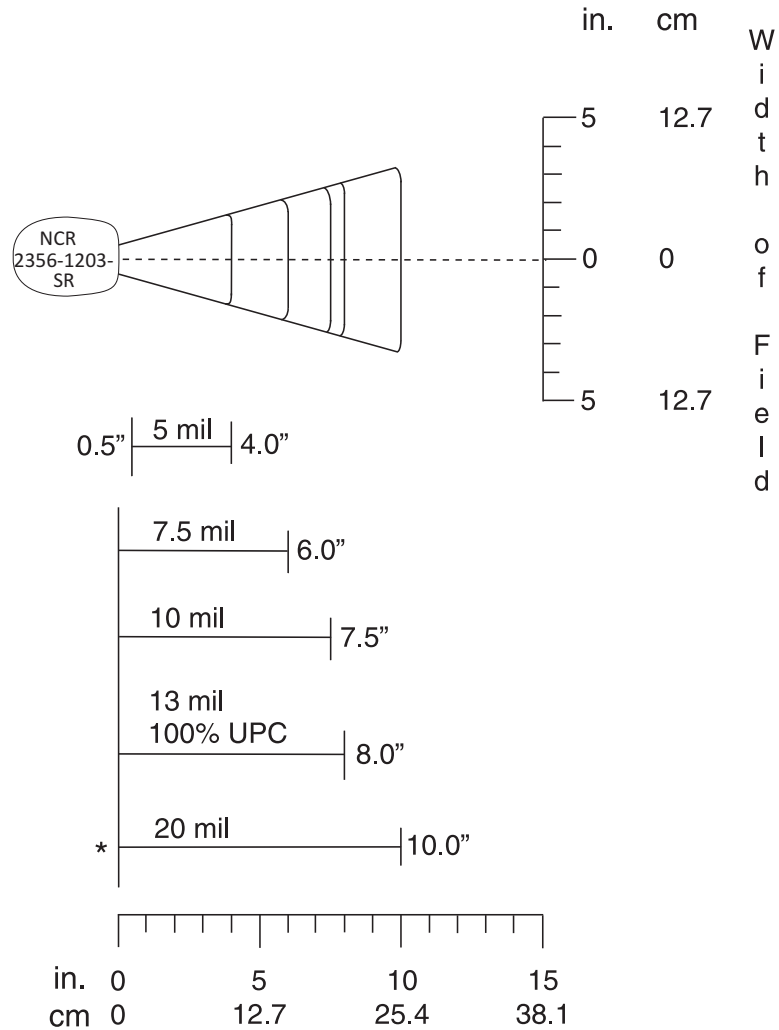
Tilt the scanner up to 65° forward or back and achieve a successful decode as displayed in the figure below. Simple practice indicates what tolerances to work within.



DECODE ZONES

NCR 2356-1203-SR Standard Range

Note: Typical performance at 73° F (23° C) on high quality symbols in normal room light.



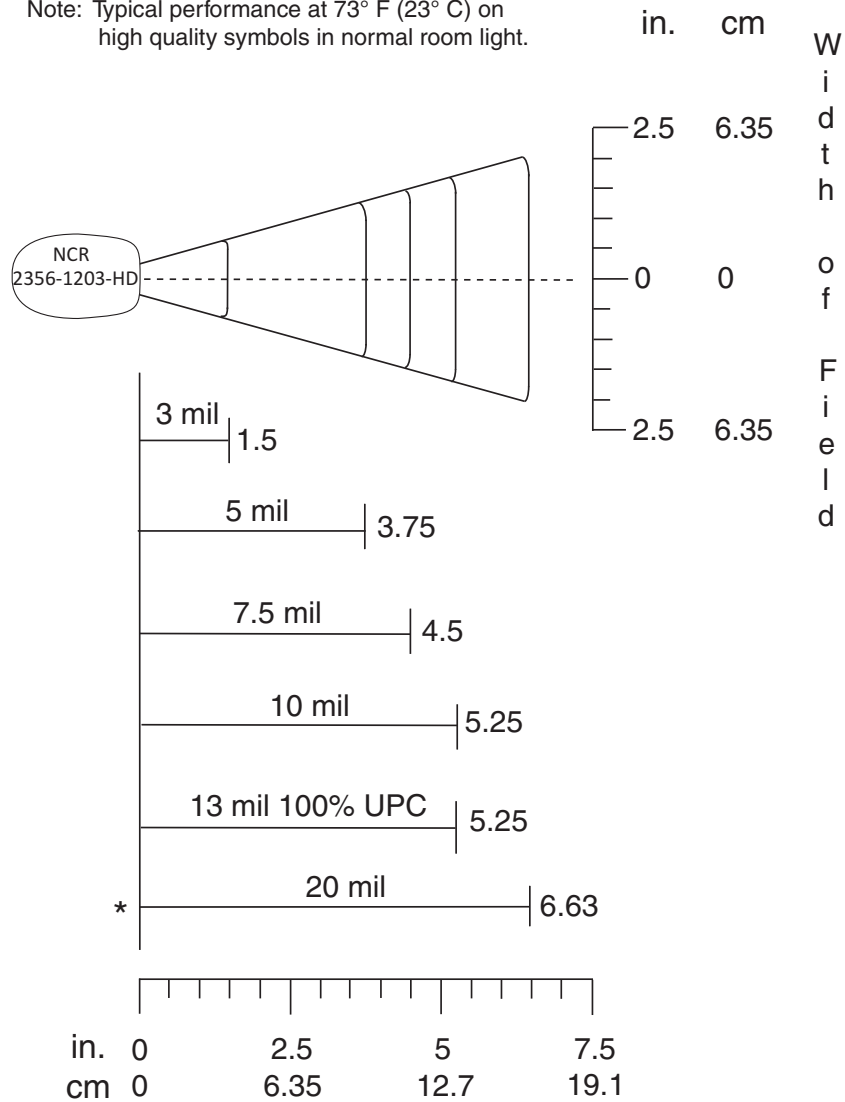
Depth of Field

*Minimum distance determined by symbol length and scan angle

NCR — CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY
Use pursuant to Company Instructions

NCR 2356-1203-HD High Density

Note: Typical performance at 73° F (23° C) on high quality symbols in normal room light.



Depth of Field

*Minimum distance determined by symbol length and scan angle

Maintenance and Technical Specifications

INTRODUCTION

This chapter provides suggested scanner maintenance, troubleshooting, technical specifications, and signal descriptions (pinouts).

MAINTENANCE

Cleaning the exit window is the only maintenance required. A dirty window may affect scanning ability.

- Do not allow any abrasive material to touch the window.
- Remove any dirt particles with a damp cloth.
- Use a tissue moistened with ammonia/water to wipe the window.
- Do not spray water or other cleaning liquids directly into the window.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Beeper Indications		
The scanner emits frequent beeps. (USB host interface only.)	The USB bus may put the scanner in a state where power to the scanner is cycled on and off more than once.	This is normal and usually happens when the host cold boots.
Scanner emits low/high/low beeps.	ADF transmit error.	Refer to “Advanced Data Formatting Programmer’s Guide”, p/n 72-69680-xx, for information about ADF programming.
	Invalid ADF rule is detected.	Refer to “Advanced Data Formatting Programmer’s Guide”, p/n 72-69680-xx, for information about ADF programming.
Scanner emits low/high beeps.	Input error, incorrect bar code or Cancel bar code was scanned.	Scan the correct numeric bar codes within range for the parameter programmed.
Scanner emits low/high/low beeps.	The Code 39 buffer was erased or there was an attempt to clear or transmit an empty buffer.	This is normal when you scan the Code 39 Buffering Clear Buffer bar code or upon attempt to transmit an empty Code 39 buffer.
Scanner emits low/high/low/high beeps.	Out of host parameter storage space.	See “Default Parameters” section of “User Preferences” chapter to scan Default Parameters .
	Out of memory for ADF rules.	Reduce the number of ADF rules or the number of steps in the ADF rules.
Scanner emits high/low beeps.	The scanner is buffering Code 39 data.	Normal.
Scanner emits high/high/high/low beeps.	RS-232 receive error.	Normal during host reset. Otherwise, set the scanner’s RS-232 parity to match the host setting.
Scanner emits four long low beeps.	A transmission error was detected in a scanned symbol. The data is ignored.	This occurs if a unit is not properly configured. Check option setting.

Problem	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Scanner emits four short high beeps (USB only).	Scanner has not completed initialization.	Wait several seconds and scan again.
Scanner emits a short low/high/low/high beep sequence while it is being programmed.	Out of ADF parameter storage space.	Erase all rules and re-program with shorter rules.
Erase all rules and re-program with shorter rules.	Scanner is not programmed for the correct bar code type.	Program the scanner to read that type of bar code. <i>See</i> “Symbologies” chapter of this book for more information.
	Bar code symbol is unreadable.	Scan test symbols of the same bar code type to determine if the bar code is defaced.
	Distance between scanner and bar code is incorrect.	Move the scanner closer to or further from the bar code. <i>See</i> “Decode Zones” of “User Preferences” chapter of this book for more information.
	The scan line is not crossing every bar and space of the symbol.	Move the symbol until the scan line is within the acceptable aiming pattern. <i>See</i> “Aiming” figure of “Scanning” chapter of this book for more information.
Scanner decodes bar code, but does not transmit the data to the host.	Scanner is not programmed for the correct host type.	Scan the appropriate host type programming bar code. <i>See</i> the chapter corresponding to the host type.
	Interface cable is loose.	Check for loose cable connection and re-connect cable.

Maintenance and Technical Specifications

Problem	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Scanner emits five long low beep after a bar code is decoded.	Conversion or format error was detected. The scanner's conversion parameters are not properly configured.	Ensure the scanner's conversion parameters are properly configured.
	Conversion or format error was detected. An ADF rule was set up with characters that can't be sent for the host selected.	Change the ADF rule, or change to a host that can support the ADF rule.
	Conversion or format error was detected. A bar code was scanned with characters that can't be sent for that host.	Change the bar code, or change to a host that can support the bar code.
Host Displays		
Host displays scanned data incorrectly.	Scanner is not programmed to work with the host.	Ensure the proper host is selected. Scan the appropriate host type programming bar code.
		For RS-232, set the scanner's communication parameters to match the host's settings.
		For a USB HID keyboard or Keyboard Wedge configuration, program the system for the correct keyboard type and language, and turn off the CAPS LOCK key.
		Program the proper editing options (e.g., ADF, UPC-E to UPC-A Conversion).
		Check the scanner's host type parameters or editing options.
Trigger		

Problem	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Nothing happens when the trigger button is pressed.	No power to the scanner.	Check the system power. If the configuration requires a power supply, re-connect the power supply.
	Interface/power cables are loose.	Check for loose cable connections and re-connect cables.
	Incorrect host interface cable is used.	Verify that the correct host interface cable is used. If not, connect the correct host interface cable.

Note: If the symbol still does not scan after performing these checks, contact NCR Support.

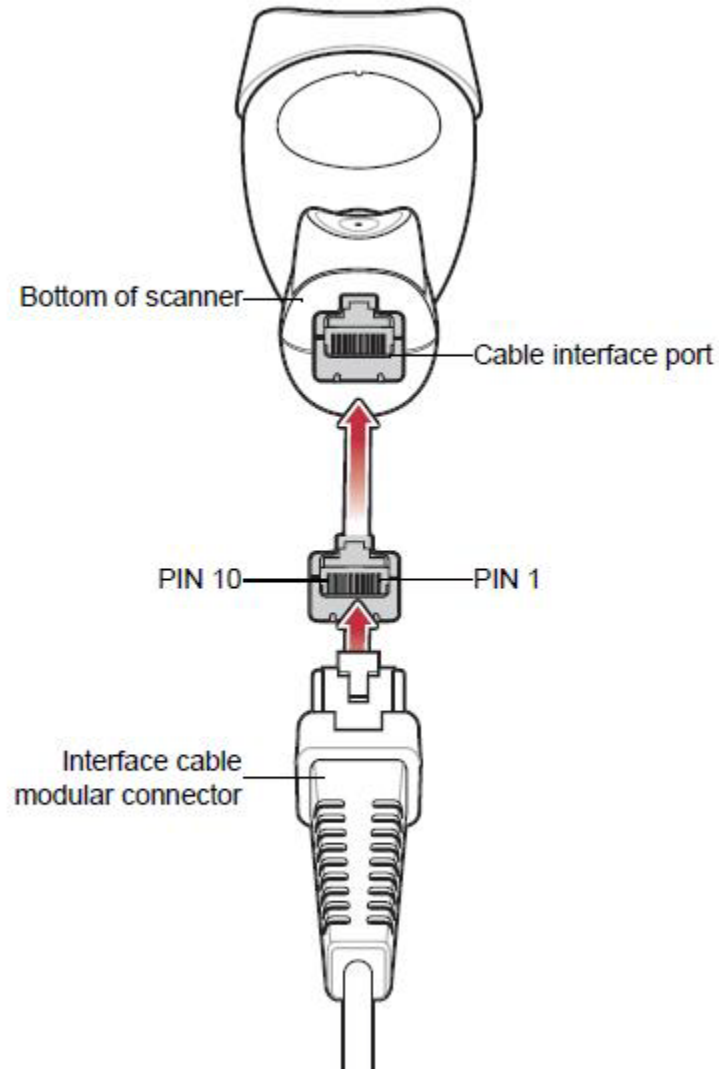
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Description
Physical Characteristics	
Dimensions	2.4 in. H x 7.1 in. L x 2.4 in. W (6.2 cm H x 18 cm L x 6 cm W)
Weight (without cable)	Approximately 4.3 oz. (122 g)
Voltage & Current	5 +/-10%VDC @ 100 mA (Stand by: <35 mA)
Color	Cash Register White or Twilight Black
Performance Characteristics	
Light Source (Laser)	Performance Characteristics
Scan Rate	100 scans per second
Roll (Tilt) Tolerance	± 30° from normal
Pitch Tolerance	± 65°
Skew (Yaw) Tolerance	± 60°
Typical Working Distance	13 mil (100% UPC/EAN): 0 to 7 in. (17.78 cm) 5 mil (Code 39): 2.5 to 4.0 in. (6.35 cm to 10.16 cm) See “Decode Zones” of “User Preferences” chapter of this book for more information.
Print Contrast Minimum	30% minimum reflectance
Decode Capability	UPC/EAN, UPC/EAN with Supplementals, GS1-128, Code 39, Code 39 Full ASCII, Code 39 TriOptic, Code 128, Code 128 Full ASCII, Codabar, Interleaved 2 of 5, Discrete 2 of 5, Code 93, MSI, Code 11, IATA, GS1 DataBar variants, Chinese 2 of 5
Interfaces Supported	RS-232; Keyboard Wedge; USB
User Environment	
Operating Temperature	32° to 122° F (0° to 50° C)
Storage Temperature	-40° to 158° F (-40° to 70° C)
Humidity	5% to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing
Drop Specifications	Withstands multiple 5 ft./1.524 m drops to concrete.
Ambient Light Immunity	Immune to direct exposure of normal office and factory lighting conditions, as well as direct exposure to sunlight.
Beeper Volume	User-selectable: three levels

Maintenance and Technical Specifications

Item	Description
Beeper Tone	User-selectable: three tones
Electrostatic Discharge	Conforms to 15 kV air discharge and 8 kV of contact discharge.
Regulatory	
Electrical Safety	UL1950, CSA C22.2 No. 950, EN60950/IEC950
Laser Safety	IEC Class 1
EMI/RFI	FCC Part 15 Class B, ICES-003 Class B, European Union EMC Directive, Australian SMA, Taiwan EMC, Japan VCCI/MITI/Dentori

SCANNER SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS



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The signal descriptions apply to the connector on the scanner. Use the table below for reference only.

Pin	RS-232	Keyboard Wedge	USB
1	Reserved	Reserved	Jump to Pin 6
2	Power	Power	Power
3	Ground	Ground	Ground
4	TxD	KeyClock	Reserved
5	RxD	TermData	D +
6	RTS	KeyData	Jump to Pin 1
7	CTS	TermClock	D –
8	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
9	n/a	n/a	n/a
10	n/a	n/a	n/a

User Preferences

INTRODUCTION

If desired, program the scanner to perform various functions, or activate different features. The 123Scan configuration utility is also available for programming the scanner. *See* “123Scan” chapter of this book for more information. This chapter describes each user preference feature and provides the programming bar codes necessary for selecting these features.

The scanner ships with the settings displayed in the “User Preferences Parameter Defaults” section of this chapter. *See also* “Standard Defaults” appendix of this book for all host defaults. If the default values suit the requirements, programming may not be necessary.

Scan a single bar code or a short bar code sequence to set feature values. The settings are stored in non-volatile memory and are preserved even when the scanner is powered down.

If you do not use a USB cable, select a host type (see each host chapter for specific host information) after the power-up beeps sound. This is only necessary upon the first power-up when connected to a new host.

To return all features to their default values, *see* “User Preferences Parameter Defaults” section of this chapter. Throughout the programming bar code menus, default values are indicated with asterisks(*).



* Indicates Default — ***High Frequency** — Feature/Option

SCANNING SEQUENCE EXAMPLES

In most cases, scanning one bar code sets the parameter value.

Example: To set the beeper tone to high, scan the **High Frequency** (beeper tone) bar code listed under “Beeper Tone” section of this chapter. The scanner issues a fast warble beep and the LED turns green, signifying a successful parameter entry.

Other parameters, such as Serial Response Time-Out or Data Transmission Formats, require scanning several bar codes. See these parameter descriptions for this procedure.

ERRORS WHILE SCANNING

Unless otherwise specified, when an error is made during a scanning sequence, scan again the correct parameter.

USER PREFERENCES PARAMETER DEFAULTS

The defaults for user preferences parameters are listed in the table below. To change any option, see “User Preferences” section in this chapter to scan the appropriate bar code (s).

Parameter	Default
User Preferences	
Beeper Tone	Medium
Beeper Volume	High
Power Mode	Continuous On
Scanning Mode	Triggered
Scan Line Width	Full Width
Laser On Time	3.0 Sec
Beep After Good Decode	Enable
Transmit Code ID Character	None
Prefix Value	7013 <CR><LF>
Suffix Value	7013 <CR><LF>
Data Transmission Format	Data as is
FN1 Substitution Values	Set
Transmit “No Read” Message	Disable

USER PREFERENCES

Default Parameters

Reset the scanner to two types of defaults:

- Factory Default
- Custom Default

Scan the appropriate bar code to reset the scanner to its default settings or set the current scanner settings as the custom default.

- Restore Defaults—Resets all default parameters as follows:
 - If custom default values were configured, the custom default values are set for all parameters each time you scan the **Restore Defaults** bar code. *See* “Write to Custom Defaults” section of this chapter for more information.
 - If no custom default values were configured, the factory default values are set for all parameters each time you scan the **Restore Defaults** bar code. For factory default values, *see* “Standard Defaults” appendix of this book..
- Set Factory Defaults—Scan the **Set Factory Defaults** bar code below to eliminate all custom default values and set the scanner to factory default values. For factory default values, *see* “Standard Defaults” appendix of this book.
- Write to Custom Defaults —Configure custom default parameters to set unique default values for all parameters. After all parameters are set to the desired default values, scan the **Write to Custom Defaults** bar code below to configure custom defaults.



Restore Defaults



Set Factory Defaults



Write to Custom Defaults

Beeper Tone

Scan the **Low Frequency**, **Medium Frequency**, or **High Frequency** bar code to select a decode beep frequency (tone).



Low Frequency



***Medium Frequency
(Optimum Settings)**



High Frequency

Beeper Volume

Scan the **Low Volume**, **Medium Volume**, or **High Volume** bar code to select a beeper volume.



Low Volume



Medium Volume



***High Volume**

Power Mode

This parameter triggers the following power modes:

- Continuous power mode—power remains on after each decode
- Reduced power mode—the scanner enters low power consumption mode after each decode



*Continuous On



Reduced Power Mode

Scanning Mode

This parameter determines the following scanning modes:

- Triggered scanning mode—the scanner trigger button must be pressed to decode each scanned bar code. If the scanner is in triggered mode, scan **Triggered/Auto-Scan™** to switch to Auto-Scan™ mode.
- Auto-Scan™ scanning mode—the scanner laser is in constant on state and no trigger button press is required to scan a bar code. If the scanner is in Auto-Scan™ mode, scan **Triggered/Auto-Scan™** to switch to triggered mode.

Note: When the scanner is not used for an extended period of time in Auto-Scan™ mode, it enters sleep mode. To wake the scanner, press the trigger button.



*Triggered/Auto-Scan™ Mode

Scan Line Width

Scan a bar code below to set the scan line width.

Note: This feature applies to triggered mode only.



Laser On Time

This parameter sets the maximum time that decode processing continues during a scan attempt. It is programmable in 0.1 second increments from 0.5 to 9.9 seconds. The default Laser On Time is 3.0 seconds.

To set a Laser On Time:

1. Scan the bar code below.
2. Scan two numeric bar codes in “Appendix D: Numeric Bar Codes” that correspond to the desired on time. Single digit numbers must have a leading zero.

Example: To set an On Time of 0.5 seconds, scan the bar code below, then scan the **0** and **5** bar codes.

3. If an error is made, or the selection needs to be changed, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.



Beep After Good Decode

Scan a bar code below to select the scanner beeps after a good decode. If **Do Not Beep After Good Decode** is selected, the beeper still operates during parameter menu scanning and indicates error conditions.



***Beep After Good Decode
(Enable)**



**Do Not Beep After Good Decode
(Disable)**

Transmit Code ID Character

A Code ID character identifies the code type of a scanned bar code. This is useful when the scanner decodes more than one code type. In addition to any single character prefix already selected, the Code ID character is inserted between the prefix and the decoded symbol.

You can select **None**, **Symbol Code ID character**, or **AIM Code ID character**. See “Symbol Code Characters” and “Aim Code Characters” of “Programming Reference” appendix of this book for more information on Code ID Characters.



Symbol Code ID Character



AIM Code ID Character



***None**

Prefix/Suffix Values

Append a prefix or suffix to scan data for use in data editing.

To set a value for a prefix or suffix:

1. Scan the appropriate **Scan Data Transmission Format** to change the scan data format. *See* “Scan Data Transmission Format” section of this chapter for more information.
2. Scan the appropriate **Scan Prefix** or **Scan Suffix** bar code.
3. Scan a four-digit number that is four bar codes from the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book that corresponds to that value.

Note: When using host commands to set the prefix or suffix, set the key category parameter to 1, then set the 3–digit decimal value. *See* “Character Sets” appendix for the four–digit codes.

4. Scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book to correct an error or change a selection.



Scan Prefix



Scan Suffix

Scan Data Transmission Format

To change the scan data format:

1. Scan **Scan Options**.
2. Scan one of the following four bar codes that corresponds to the desired format:
 - **Data As Is**
 - **<DATA> <SUFFIX>**
 - **<PREFIX> <DATA>**
 - **<PREFIX> <DATA> <SUFFIX>**
3. Scan **Enter** to complete the change.
4. Set values for the prefix or suffix. *See* “Prefix/Suffix Values” section of this chapter for the Scan Prefix and Scan Suffix bar codes.
5. Scan **Data Format Cancel** to cancel the change.

User Preferences

Note: If a carriage return or enter is required after each scanned bar code, scan the following bar codes in order:

1. Scan Options
2. <DATA> <SUFFIX>
3. Enter



Scan Options



***Data As Is**



<DATA> <SUFFIX>



<PREFIX> <DATA>



<PREFIX> <DATA> <SUFFIX>



Enter



Data Format Cancel

FN1 Substitution Values

The Wedge and USB HID Keyboard hosts support an FN1 substitution feature. When enabled, any FN1 character (0x1b) in an EAN128 bar code is substituted with a value. This value defaults to 7013 (Enter Key).

To select an FN1 substitution value via bar code menus:

1. Scan the bar code below.



***Set FN1 Substitution Value**

2. Look up the keystroke desired for FN1 Substitution for the currently installed host interface. *See* “ASCII Value–Code 39 Encode–Keystroke” section of the “ASCII Character Sets” appendix of this book.
3. Scan each digit of the four–digit substitution value in the “Numeric Bar Codes” section of this book to enter the value.
4. Scan **Cancel** to correct an error or change the selection.
5. To enable FN1 substitution for keyboard wedge, scan the **Enable FN1 Substitution** bar code on the “FNI Substitution” section of the “Keyboard Wedge Interface” chapter.
6. To enable FN1 Substitution for USB HID keyboard, scan the **Enable FN1 Substitution** bar code on the “USB Keyboard FN1 Substitution” section of the “USB Interface” chapter of this book.
7. Transmit “No Read” Message. This parameter permits you to select whether to transmit a No Read message.
 - Enable No Read—the characters NR are transmitted when a bar code is not decoded
 - Disable No Read—if a symbol does not decode, nothing is sent to the host



Enable No Read



***Disable No Read**

User Preferences

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Keyboard Wedge Interface

INTRODUCTION

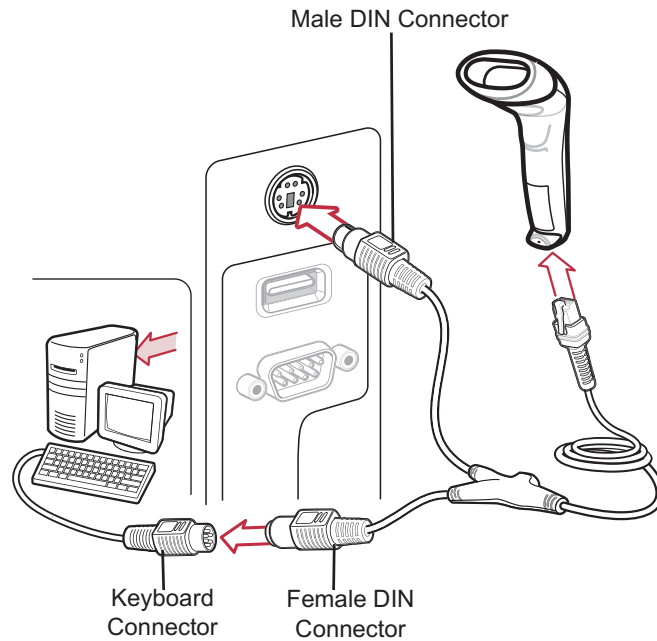
This chapter describes how to set up a Keyboard Wedge interface with the scanner. With this interface, the scanner is connected between the keyboard and host computer, and translates bar code data into keystrokes. The host computer accepts the keystrokes as if they originated from the keyboard. This mode adds bar code reading functionality to a system designed for manual keyboard input. Keyboard keystrokes are simply passed through.

Throughout the programming bar code menus, default values are indicated with asterisks (*).



* Indicates Default ***North American** Feature/Option

CONNECTING A KEYBOARD WEDGE INTERFACE



To connect the Keyboard Wedge interface Y-cable:

1. Turn off the host and unplug the keyboard connector.
2. Attach the modular connector of the Y-cable to the cable interface port on the scanner. See the “Installing the Interface Cable” section of the “Getting Started” chapter of this book for more information.
3. Connect the round male DIN host connector of the Y-cable to the keyboard port on the host device.
4. Connect the round female DIN keyboard connector of the Y-cable to the keyboard connector.
5. If needed, attach the optional power supply to the connector in the middle of the Y-cable.
6. Ensure that all connections are secure.
7. Turn on the host system.
8. Scan the appropriate bar code from the “Keyboard Wedge Host Parameters” section of the “Keyboard Interface” chapter to select the Keyboard Wedge host type.
9. To modify any other parameter options, scan the appropriate bar codes in this chapter.

Note: Interface cables vary depending on configuration. The connectors illustrated in the figure above are examples only. The connectors may be different than those illustrated, but the steps to connect the scanner remain the same.

KEYBOARD WEDGE PARAMETER DEFAULTS

See “Standard Defaults” appendix of this book for all user preferences, hosts, symbologies, and miscellaneous default parameters.

The table below lists the defaults for Keyboard Wedge host parameters. To change any option, scan the appropriate bar code(s) in the Keyboard Wedge Host Parameters section.

Parameter	Default
Keyboard Wedge Host Parameters	
Keyboard Wedge Host Type	IBM PC/AT& IBM PC Compatibles ¹
Country Types (Country Codes)	North American
Ignore Unknown Characters	Send
Keystroke Delay	No Delay
Intra-Keystroke Delay	Disable
Alternate Numeric Keypad Emulation	Disable
Caps Lock On	Disable
Caps Lock Override	Disable
Convert Wedge Data	No Convert
Function Key Mapping	Disable
FN1 Substitution	Disable
Send and Make Break	Send
¹ User selection is required to configure this interface and this is the most common selection.	

KEYBOARD WEDGE HOST PARAMETERS

Keyboard Wedge Host Types

Scan one of the bar codes below to select the Keyboard Wedge host.



IBM PC/AT & IBM PC Compatibles¹



IBM AT Notebook



NCR 7052



IBM PS/2 (Model 30)

Note: ¹User selection is required to configure this interface and this is the most common selection.

Keyboard Wedge Country Types (Country Codes)

Scan the bar code corresponding to the keyboard type. If the keyboard type is not listed, *see* “Alternate Numeric Keypad Emulation” section of this chapter for more information.



***North American**



German Windows



French Windows



French Canadian Windows 95/98



French Canadian Windows XP/2000



Spanish Windows



Italian Windows



Swedish Windows



UK English Windows



Japanese Windows



Portuguese-Brazilian Windows

Ignore Unknown Characters

Unknown characters are characters the host does not recognize.

- Select **Send Bar Codes With Unknown Characters** to send all bar code data except for unknown characters, and the scanner issues no error beeps.
- Select **Do Not Send Bar Codes With Unknown Characters** to send bar code data to the first unknown character, then the scanner issues an error beep.



***Send Bar Codes with Unknown Characters**



Do Not Send Bar Codes with Unknown Characters

Keystroke Delay

This is the delay in milliseconds between emulated keystrokes. Scan a bar code below to increase the delay when hosts require a slower transmission of data.



*No Delay



Medium Delay (20 msec)



Long Delay (40 msec)

Intra-Keystroke Delay

When enabled, an additional delay is inserted between each emulated key depression and release. This sets the Keystroke Delay parameter to a minimum of 5 milliseconds as well.



Enable Intra-Keystroke Delay



*Disable Intra-Keystroke Delay

Caps Lock Override

When enabled, on AT or AT Notebook hosts, the keyboard ignores the state of the Caps Lock key. Therefore, an 'A' in the bar code is sent as an 'A' no matter what the state of the keyboard's Caps Lock key.

Note: If both Caps Lock On and Caps Lock Override are enabled, Caps Lock Override takes precedence.



Enable Caps Lock Override



***Disable Caps Lock Override**

Convert Wedge Data

When enabled, the scanner converts all bar code data to the selected case.



Convert to Upper Case



Convert to Lower Case



SXAAH1063200
***No Convert**

Function Key Mapping

ASCII values under 32 are normally sent as control key sequences. *See* the “ASCII Character Set for Keyboard Wedge” table of this chapter for more information. When this parameter is enabled, the keys in bold are sent in place of the standard key mapping. Table entries that do not have a bold entry remain the same whether this parameter is enabled.



Enable Function Key Mapping



***Disable Function Key Mapping**

FN1 Substitution

When enabled, the scanner replaces FN1 characters in an EAN128 bar code with a keystroke chosen by the user. *See* the “FN1 Substitution Values” section of the “User Preferences” chapter of this book for more information.



Enable FN1 Substitution



***Disable FN1 Substitution**

Send Make and Break

When enabled, the scan codes for releasing a key are not sent.



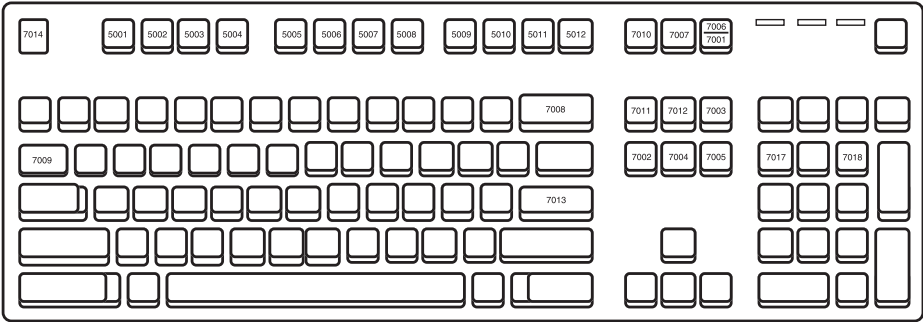
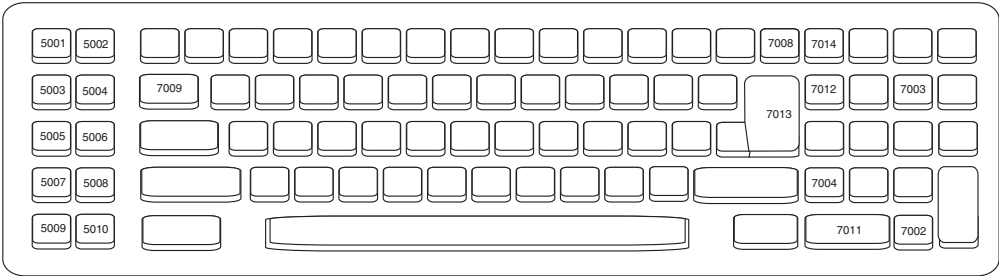
***Send Make and Break Scan Codes**



Send Make Scan Code Only

Keyboard Maps

The following keyboard maps are provided for prefix or suffix keystroke parameters. To program the prefix/suffix values, *see* “User Preferences” chapter for more information.



ASCII CHARACTER SET FOR KEYBOARD WEDGE

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1001	\$A	CTRL A
1002	\$B	CTRL B
1003	\$C	CTRL C
1004	\$D	CTRL D
1005	\$E	CTRL E
1006	\$F	CTRL F
1007	\$G	CTRL G
1008	\$H	CTRL H/BACKSPACE ¹
1009	\$I	CTRL I/HORIZONTAL TAB ¹
1010	\$J	CTRL J
1011	\$K	CTRL K
1012	\$L	CTRL L
1013	\$M	CTRL M/ENTER ¹
1014	\$N	CTRL N
1015	\$O	CTRL O
1016	\$P	CTRL P
1017	\$Q	CTRL Q
1018	\$R	CTRL R
1019	\$S	CTRL S
1020	\$T	CTRL T
1021	\$U	CTRL U
1022	\$V	CTRL V
1023	\$W	CTRL W
1024	\$X	CTRL X
1025	\$Y	CTRL Y
1026	\$Z	CTRL Z
1027	%A	CTRL [/ESC ¹
1028	%B	CTRL \
1029	%C	CTRL]
1030	%D	CTRL 6
1031	%E	CTRL -
1032	Space	Space
1033	/A	!
1034	/B	“
1035	/C	#
1036	/D	\$
1037	/E	%
1038	/F	&

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ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1039	/G	‘
1040	/H	(
1041	/I)
1042	/J	*
1043	/K	+
1044	/L	,
1045	-	-
1046	.	.
1047	/O	/
1048	0	0
1049	1	1
1050	2	2
1051	3	3
1052	4	4
1053	5	5
1054	6	6
1055	7	7
1056	8	8
1057	9	9
1058	/Z	:
1059	%F	;
1060	%G	<
1061	%H	=
1062	%I	>
1063	%J	?
1064	%V	@
1065	A	A
1066	B	B
1067	C	C
1068	D	D
1069	E	E
1070	F	F
1071	G	G
1072	H	H
1073	I	I
1074	J	J
1075	K	K
1076	L	L
1077	M	M
1078	N	N

Keyboard Wedge Interface

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1079	O	O
1080	P	P
1081	Q	Q
1082	R	R
1083	S	S
1084	T	T
1085	U	U
1086	V	V
1087	W	W
1088	X	X
1089	Y	Y
1090	Z	Z
1091	%K	[
1092	%L	\
1093	%M]
1094	%N	^
1095	%O	=
1096	%W	`
1097	+A	a
1098	+B	b
1099	+C	c
1100	+D	d
1101	+E	e
1102	+F	f
1103	+G	g
1104	+H	h
1105	+I	i
1106	+J	j
1107	+K	k
1108	+L	l
1109	+M	m
1110	+N	n
1111	+O	o
1112	+P	p
1113	+Q	q
1114	+R	r
1115	+S	s
1116	+T	t
1117	+U	u
1118	+V	v

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ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1119	+W	w
1120	+X	x
1121	+Y	y
1122	+Z	z
1123	%P	{
1124	%Q	
1125	%R	}
1126	%S	~

¹The keystroke in bold is sent only if the “Function Key Mapping” is enabled. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke is sent.

Note: Code 39 Full ASCII interprets the bar code special character (\$ + % /) preceding a Code 39 character and assigns an ASCII character value to the pair.

Example: When Code 39 Full ASCII is enabled and a +B is scanned, it is interpreted as b, %J as ?, and %V as @. Scan **ABC%I** to output the keystroke equivalent of ABC >.

RS-232 Interface

INTRODUCTION

This chapter describes how to set up the scanner with an RS-232 host. The RS-232 interface is used to connect the scanner to point-of-sale devices, host computers, or other devices with an available RS-232 port such as com port.

If the host is not listed in the “RS-232 Host Parameters” table, refer to the documentation for the host device to set communication parameters to match the host.

Note: The scanner uses TTL RS-232 signal levels, which interface with most system architectures. For system architectures that requires RS-232C signal levels, NCR offers different cables providing TTL-to-RS-232C conversion. Contact NCR Support for more information.

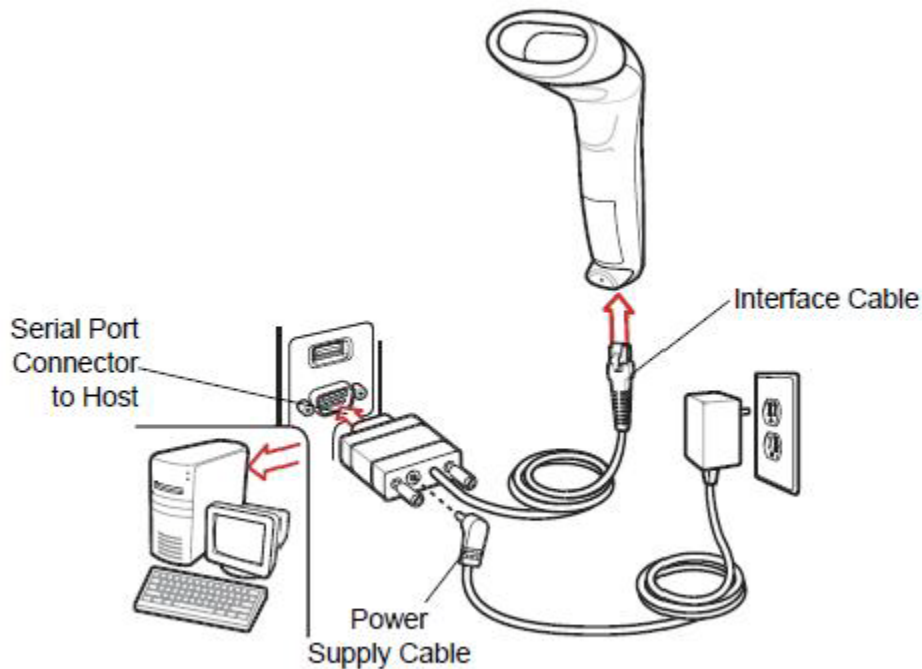
Throughout the programming bar code menus, default values are indicated with asterisks (*).



* Indicates Default — ***Baud Rate 57,600** — Feature/Option

CONNECTING AN RS-232 INTERFACE

This connection is made directly from the scanner to the host computer.



Note: Interface cables vary depending on configuration. The connectors illustrated above are examples only. The connectors may be different than those illustrated, but the steps to connect the scanner remain the same.

1. Attach the modular connector of the RS-232 interface cable to the cable interface port on the scanner. *See* the “Installing the Interface Cable” section of the “Getting Started” chapter of this book for more information.
2. Connect the other end of the RS-232 interface cable to the serial port on the host.
3. Connect the power supply to the serial connector end of the RS-232 interface cable. Plug the power supply into an appropriate outlet.
4. Scan the appropriate bar code from the “RS-232 Host Types” section of this chapter to select the RS-232 host type.
5. To modify any other parameter options, scan the appropriate bar codes in this chapter.

RS-232 PARAMETER DEFAULTS

The table displayed below lists the defaults for RS-232 host parameters. If any option needs to be changed, scan the appropriate bar code(s) provided in the Parameter Descriptions section of this chapter.

Note: See “Standard Defaults” appendix of this book for all user preferences, hosts, symbologies, and miscellaneous default parameters.

Parameter	Default
RS-232 Host Parameters	
RS-232 Host Types	Standard
Baud Rate	9600
Parity Type	None
Stop Bit Select	1 Stop Bit
Data Bits (ASCII Format)	8-Bit
Check Receive Errors	Enable
Hardware Handshaking	None
Software Handshaking	None
Host Serial Response Time-out	2 Sec
RTS Line State	Low RTS
Beep on <BEL>	Disable
Intercharacter Delay	0 msec
Nixdorf Beep/LED Options	Normal Operation
Ignore Unknown Characters	Send Bar Code

RS-232 HOST PARAMETERS

Various RS-232 hosts are set up with their own parameter default settings. Select ICL, Fujitsu, Wincor-Nixdorf Mode A, Wincor-Nixdorf Mode B, Olivetti, Omron, or terminal to set the defaults listed in the “RS-232 Parameter Default” table.

Select the ICL, Fujitsu, Wincor-Nixdorf Mode A, Wincor-Nixdorf Mode B, OPOS terminal to enable the transmission of code ID characters listed in the table displayed below. These code ID characters are not programmable and are separate from the Transmit Code ID feature. The Transmit Code ID feature should not be enabled for these terminals.

Parameter	Standard (Default)	ICL	Fujitsu	Wincor-Nixdorf Mode A	Wincor-Nixdorf Mode B/OPOS	Olivetti	Omron
Transmit Code ID	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Data Transmission Format	Data as is	Data/Suffix	Data/Suffix	Data/Suffix	Data/Suffix	Prefix/Data/Suffix	Data/Suffix
Suffix	CR/LF (7013)	CR (1013)	CR (1013)	CR (1013)	CR (1013)	ETX (1002)	CR (1013)
Baud Rate	9600	9600	9600	9600	9600	9600	9600
Parity	None	Even	None	Odd	Odd	Even	None
Hardware Handshaking	None	RTS/CTS Option 3	None	RTS/CTS Option 3	RTS/CTS Option 3	None	None
Software Handshaking	None	None	None	None	None	Ack/Nak	None
Serial Response Time-out	2 Sec.	9.9 Sec.	2 Sec.	9.9 Sec.	9.9 Sec.	9.9 Sec.	9.9 Sec.
Stop BitSelect	One	One	One	One	One	One	One
ASCII Format	8-Bit	8-Bit	8-Bit	8-Bit	8-Bit	7-Bit	8-Bit
Beep On <BEL>	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable
RTS LineState	Low	High	Low	Low	Low = No data to send	Low	High
Prefix	None	None	None	None	None	STX (1003)	None
*In the Nixdorf Mode B, if CTS is Low, scanning is disabled. When CTS is High, the user can scan bar codes.							
**If Nixdorf Mode B is scanned without the scanner connected to the proper host, it may appear unable to scan. If this happens, scan a different RS-232 host type within 5 seconds of cycling power to the scanner.							

Code Type	ICL	Fujitsu	Wincor-Nixdorf Mode A	Wincor-Nixdorf Mode B/OPOS	Olivetti	Omron
UPC-A	A	A	A	A	A	A
UPC-E	E	E	C	C	C	E
EAN-8/JAN-8	FF	FF	B	B	B	FF
EAN-13/JAN-13	F	F	A	A	A	F
Code 39	C <len>	None	M	M	M <len>	C <len>
Codabar	N <len>	None	N	N	N <len>	N <len>
Code 128	L <len>	None	K	K	K <len>	L <len>
I 2 of 5	I <len>	None	I	I	I <len>	I <len>
Code 93	None	None	L	L	L <len>	None
D 2 of 5	H <len>	None	H	H	H <len>	H <len>
GS1-128	L <len>	None	P	P	P <len>	L <len>
MSI	None	None	O	O	O <len>	None
Bookland EAN	F	F	A	A	A	F
Trioptic	None	None	None	None	None	None
Code 11	None	None	None	None	None	None
IATA	H<len>	None	H	H	None	None
Code 32	None	None	None	None	None	None

RS-232 Host Types

To select an RS-232 host interface, scan one of the following bar codes:



***Standard RS-232**



ICL RS-232



Wincor-Nixdorf RS-232 Mode A



Wincor-Nixdorf RS-232 Mode B



Olivetti ORS4500



Omron



OPOS/JPOS



Fujitsu RS-232

Baud Rate

Baud rate is the number of bits of data transmitted per second. Set the scanner's baud rate to match the baud rate setting of the host device. Otherwise, data may not reach the host device or may reach it in distorted form.



Baud Rate 600



Baud Rate 1200



Baud Rate 2400



Baud Rate 4800



* Baud Rate 9600



Baud Rate 19,200



Baud Rate 38,400

Parity

A parity check bit is the most significant bit of each ASCII coded character. Select the parity type according to host device requirements.

- Select **Odd** parity and the parity bit value is set to 0 or 1, based on data, to ensure that an odd number of 1 bits are contained in the coded character.
- Select **Even** parity and the parity bit value is set to 0 or 1, based on data, to ensure that an even number of 1 bits are contained in the coded character.
- Select **Mark** parity and the parity bit is always 1.
- Select **Space** parity and the parity bit is always 0.
- Select **None** when no parity bit is required.



Stop Bit Select

The stop bit(s) at the end of each transmitted character marks the end of transmission of one character and prepares the receiving device for the next character in the serial data stream. The number of stop bits selected (one or two) depends on the number the receiving terminal is programmed to accommodate. Set the number of stop bits to match host device requirements.



*1 Stop Bit



2 Stop Bits

Data Bits (ASCII Format)

This parameter permits the scanner to interface with devices requiring a 7-bit or 8-bit ASCII protocol.



7-Bit



*8-Bit

Check Receive Errors

Select whether the parity, framing, and overrun of received characters are checked. The parity value of received characters is verified against the parity parameter selected above.



***Check For Received Errors
(Enable)**



**Do Not Check For Received Errors
(Disable)**

Hardware Handshaking

The data interface consists of an RS-232 port designed to operate either with or without the hardware handshaking lines, Request to Send (RTS), and Clear to Send (CTS).

If Standard RTS/CTS handshaking is not selected, scan data is transmitted as it becomes available. If Standard RTS/CTS handshaking is selected, scan data is transmitted according to the following sequence:

1. The scanner reads the CTS line for activity.
2. If CTS is asserted, the scanner waits up to Host Serial Response Time-out for the host to de-assert the CTS line.
3. If, after Host Serial Response Time-out, the CTS line is still asserted, the scanner sounds a transmit error, and any scanned data is lost.
4. When the CTS line is de-asserted, the scanner asserts the RTS line and waits up to Host Serial Response Time-out for the host to assert CTS.
5. When the host asserts CTS, data is transmitted. If, after Host Serial Response Time-out, the CTS line is not asserted, the scanner sounds a transmit error, and discards the data.
6. When data transmission is complete, the scanner de-asserts RTS 10 msec after sending the last character.
7. The host should respond by negating CTS. The scanner checks for a de-asserted CTS upon the next transmission of data.

Note: During the transmission of data, the CTS line should be asserted. If CTS is de-asserted for more than 50 ms between characters, the transmission is aborted, the scanner sounds a transmission error, and the data is discarded.

If the above communication sequence fails, the scanner issues an error indication. In this case, the data is lost and must be rescanned.

If Hardware Handshaking and Software Handshaking are both enabled, Hardware Handshaking takes precedence.

Note: The DTR signal is jumpered to the active state.

- None—Scan the bar code below if no Hardware Handshaking is desired.
- Standard RTS/CTS—Scan the bar code below to select Standard RTS/CTS Hardware Handshaking.
- RTS/CTS Option 1—When RTS/CTS Option 1 is selected, the scanner asserts RTS before transmitting and ignores the state of CTS. The scanner de-asserts RTS when the transmission is complete.
- RTS/CTS Option 2—When Option 2 is selected, RTS is always high or low (user-programmed logic level). However, the scanner waits for CTS to be asserted before transmitting data. If CTS is not asserted within Host Serial Response Time-out, the scanner issues an error indication and discards the data.
- RTS/CTS Option 3—When Option 3 is selected, the scanner asserts RTS prior to any data transmission, regardless of the state of CTS. The scanner waits up to Host Serial Response Time-out for CTS to be asserted. If CTS is not asserted during this time, the scanner issues an error indication and discards the data. The scanner de-asserts RTS when transmission is complete.



***None**



Standard RTS/CTS



RTS/CTS Option 1



RTS/CTS Option 2



RTS/CTS Option 3

Software Handshaking

This parameter offers control of the data transmission process in addition to that offered by hardware handshaking. There are five options.

If Software Handshaking and Hardware Handshaking are both enabled, Hardware Handshaking takes precedence.

- **None**—When this option is selected, data is transmitted immediately. No response is expected from host.
- **ACK/NAK**—When this option is selected, after transmitting data, the scanner expects either an ACK or NAK response from the host. When a NAK is received, the scanner transmits the same data again and waits for either an ACK or NAK. After three unsuccessful attempts to send data when NAKs are received, the scanner issues an error indication and discards the data.
The scanner waits up to the programmable Host Serial Response Time-out to receive an ACK or NAK. If the scanner does not get a response in this time, it issues an error indication and discards the data. There are no retries when a time-out occurs.
- **ENQ**—When this option is selected, the scanner waits for an ENQ character from the host before transmitting data. If an ENQ is not received within the Host Serial Response Time-out, the scanner issues an error indication and discards the data. The host must transmit an ENQ character at least every Host Serial Response Time-out to prevent transmission errors.
- **ACK/NAK with ENQ**—This combines the two previous options. For re-transmissions of data, due to a NAK from the host, an additional ENQ is not required.
- **XON/XOFF**—An XOFF character turns the scanner transmission off until the scanner receives an XON character. There are two situations for XON/XOFF:
 - XOFF is received before the scanner has data to send. When the scanner has data to send, it waits up to Host Serial Response Time-out for an XON character before transmission. If the XON is not received within this time, the scanner issues an error indication and discards the data.
 - XOFF is received during a transmission. Data transmission then stops after sending the current byte. When the scanner receives an XON character, it sends the rest of the data message. The scanner waits up to 30 seconds for the XON.



*None



ACK/NAK



ENQ



ACK/NAK with ENQ



XON/XOFF

Host Serial Response Time-out

This parameter specifies how long the scanner waits for an ACK, NAK, ENQ, XON, or CTS before the occurrence of a transmission error is determined.



*Minimum: 2 Sec



Low: 2.5 Sec



Medium: 5 Sec



High: 7.5 Sec



Maximum: 9.9 Sec

RTS Line State

This parameter sets the idle state of the Serial Host RTS line. Scan a bar code below to select **Low RTS** or **High RTS** line state.



*Host: Low RTS



Host: High RTS

Beep on <BEL>

When this parameter is enabled, the scanner issues a beep when a <BEL> character is detected on the RS-232 serial line. <BEL> is issued to gain a user's attention to an illegal entry or other important event.



Beep On <BEL> Character
(Enable)



*Do Not Beep On <BEL> Character
(Disable)

Intercharacter Delay

This parameter specifies the intercharacter delay inserted between character transmissions.



***Minimum: 0 msec**



Low: 25 msec



Medium: 50 msec



High: 75 msec



Maximum: 99 msec

Nixdorf Beep/LED Options

When Nixdorf Mode B is selected, this indicates when the scanner should beep and turn on its LED after a decode.



***Normal Operation**
(Beep/LED immediately after decode)



Beep/LED After Transmission



Beep/LED After CTS Pulse

Ignore Unknown Characters

Unknown characters are characters the host does not recognize.

- Select **Send Bar Codes with Unknown Characters** to send all bar code data except for unknown characters, and no error beeps sound on the scanner.
- Select **Do Not Send Bar Codes With Unknown Characters** to send up bar code data to the first unknown character and then an error beep sounds on the scanner.



***Send Bar Code with Unknown Characters**



Do Not Send Bar Codes with Unknown Characters

ASCII CHARACTER SET FOR RS-232

The table below lists the values to be assigned as prefixes or suffixes for ASCII character data transmission.

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	ASCII Character
1000	%U	NUL
1001	\$A	SOH
1002	\$B	STX
1003	\$C	ETX
1004	\$D	EOT
1005	\$E	ENQ
1006	\$F	ACK
1007	\$G	BELL
1008	\$H	BCKSPC
1009	\$I	HORIZ TAB
1010	\$J	LF/NW LN
1011	\$K	VT
1012	\$L	FF
1013	\$M	CR/ENTER
1014	\$N	SO
1015	\$O	SI
1016	\$P	DLE
1017	\$Q	DC1/XON
1018	\$R	DC2
1019	\$S	DC3/XOFF
1020	\$T	DC4
1021	\$U	NAK
1022	\$V	SYN
1023	\$W	ETB
1024	\$X	CAN
1025	\$Y	EM
1026	\$Z	SUB
1027	%A	ESC
1028	%B	FS
1029	%C	GS
1030	%D	RS
1031	%E	US
1032	Space	Space
1033	/A	!
1034	/B	"

RS-232 Interface

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	ASCII Character
1035	/C	#
1036	/D	\$
1037	/E	%
1038	/F	&
1039	/G	'
1040	/H	(
1041	/I)
1042	/J	*
1043	/K	+
1044	/L	,
1045	-	-
1046	.	.
1047	/O	/
1048	0	0
1049	1	1
1050	2	2
1051	3	3
1052	4	4
1053	5	5
1054	6	6
1057	7	7
1056	8	8
1057	9	9
1058	/Z	:
1059	%F	;
1060	%G	<
1061	%H	=
1062	%I	>
1063	%J	?
1064	%V	@
1065	A	A
1066	B	B
1067	C	C
1068	D	D
1069	E	E
1070	F	F
1071	G	G
1072	H	H
1073	I	I
1074	J	J

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ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	ASCII Character
1075	K	K
1076	L	L
1077	M	M
1078	N	N
1079	O	O
1080	P	P
1081	Q	Q
1082	R	R
1083	S	S
1084	T	T
1085	U	U
1086	V	V
1087	W	W
1088	X	X
1089	Y	Y
1090	Z	Z
1091	%K	[
1092	%L	\
1093	%M]
1094	%N	^
1095	%O	_
1096	%W	`
1097	+A	a
1098	+B	b
1099	+C	c
1100	+D	d
1101	+E	e
1102	+F	f
1103	+G	g
1104	+H	h
1105	+I	i
1106	+J	j
1107	+K	k
1108	+L	l
1109	+M	m
1110	+N	n
1111	+O	o
1112	+P	p
1113	+Q	q
1114	+R	r

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	ASCII Character
1115	+S	s
1116	+T	t
1117	+U	u
1118	+V	v
1119	+W	w
1120	+X	x
1121	+Y	y
1122	+Z	z
1123	%P	{
1124	%Q	
1125	%R	}
1126	%S	~
1127		Undefined
7013		ENTER

USB Interface

INTRODUCTION

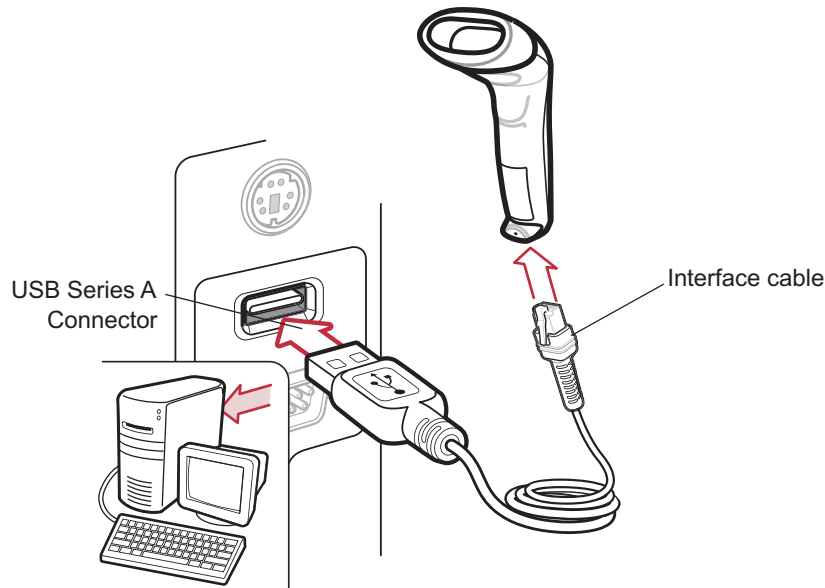
This chapter covers the connection and setup of the scanner to a USB host. The scanner attaches directly to a USB host, or a powered USB hub, and is powered by it. No additional power supply is required.

Throughout the programming bar code menus, default values are indicated with asterisks (*).



* Indicates Default — ***North American Standard USB Keyboard** — Feature/Option

CONNECTING A USB INTERFACE



The scanner connects with USB capable hosts including:

- Desktop PCs and Notebooks
- Apple™ iMac, G4, iBooks (North America only)
- IBM SurePOS terminals
- Sun, IBM, and other network computers that support more than one keyboard

The following operating systems support the scanner through USB:

- Windows 98, 2000, ME, XP
- MacOS 8.5 and above
- IBM 4690 OS

The scanner interfaces with other USB hosts which support USB Human Interface Devices (HID). For more information on USB technology, hosts, and peripheral devices, contact NCR Support.

Interface cables vary depending on configuration. The connectors illustrated in the figure above are examples only. The connectors may be different than those illustrated, but the steps to connect the scanner remain the same.

To set up the scanner:

1. Attach the modular connector of the USB interface cable to the cable interface port on the scanner. See the “Installing the Interface Cable” section of the “Getting Started” chapter of this book for more information.

2. Plug the series A connector in the USB host or hub, or plug the Plus Power connector in an available port of the IBM SurePOS terminal.
3. Select the USB device type by scanning the appropriate bar code from the “USB Device Type” section of this chapter.
4. On first installation when using Windows, the software prompts to select or install the Human Interface Device driver. To install this driver, provided by Windows, select **Next** through all the choices and select **Finished** on the last choice. The scanner powers up during this installation.
5. To modify any other parameter options, scan the appropriate bar codes in this chapter.

Note: If problems occur with the system, *see* the “Troubleshooting” section of the “Maintenance and Technical Specifications” chapter of this book.

USB PARAMETER DEFAULTS

The table below lists the defaults for USB host parameters. If any option needs to be changed, scan the appropriate bar code(s) provided in the Parameter Descriptions section of this chapter.

Note: See “ Standard Defaults” appendix of this book for all user preferences, hosts, symbologies, and miscellaneous default parameters.

Parameter	Default
USB Host Parameters	
USB Device Type	HID Keyboard Emulation
USB Country Keyboard Types (Country Codes)	North American
USB Keystroke Delay	No Delay
USB CAPS Lock Override	Disable
USB Ignore Unknown Characters	Send
Emulate Keypad	Disable
USB Keyboard FN1 Substitution	Disable
Function Key Mapping	Disable
Simulated Caps Lock	Disable
Convert Case	No Case Conversion

USB HOST PARAMETERS

USB Device Type

Select the desired USB device type.

Note: When the USB Device Types changes, the scanner automatically restarts. The scanner issues the standard startup beep sequences.



*HID Keyboard Emulation



IBM Table Top USB



IBM Hand-Held USB



USB OPOS Handheld

USB Country Keyboard Types (Country Codes)

Scan the bar code corresponding to the keyboard type. This setting applies only to the USB HID Keyboard Emulation device.

Note: When USB country keyboard types changes, the scanner automatically resets. The scanner issues the standard startup beep sequences.



***North American Standard USB Keyboard**



German Windows



French Windows



French Canadian Windows 95/98



French Canadian Windows 2000/XP



Spanish Windows



Italian Windows



Swedish Windows



UK English Windows



Japanese Windows (ASCII)



Portuguese-Brazilian Windows

USB Keystroke Delay

This parameter sets the delay, in milliseconds, between emulated keystrokes. Scan a bar code below to increase the delay when hosts require a slower transmission of data.



***No Delay**



Medium Delay (20 msec)



Long Delay (40 msec)

USB CAPS Lock Override

This option applies only to the HID Keyboard Emulation device. When enabled, the case of the data is preserved regardless of the state of the caps lock key. This setting is always enabled for the “Japanese, Windows (ASCII)” keyboard type and can not be disabled.



**Override Caps Lock Key
(Enable)**



***Do Not Override Caps Lock Key
(Disable)**

USB Ignore Unknown Characters

This option applies only to the HID Keyboard Emulation device and IBM device. Unknown characters are characters the host does not recognize.

- Select **Send Bar Codes With Unknown Characters** to send all bar code data except for unknown characters, and no error beeps sound.
- Select **Do Not Send Bar Codes With Unknown Characters** to send bar code data up to the first unknown character, then the scanner issues an error beep.



***Send Bar Codes with Unknown Characters**



Do Not Send Bar Codes with Unknown Characters

Emulate Keypad

When enabled, all characters are sent as ASCII sequences over the numeric keypad.

Example: ASCII A would be sent as “ALT make” 0 6 5 “ALT Break”.



***Disable Keypad Emulation**



Enable Keypad Emulation

USB Keyboard FN 1 Substitution

This option applies only to the USB HID Keyboard Emulation device. When enabled, this permits replacement of any FN 1 characters in an EAN 128 bar code with a Key Category and value chosen by the user. See the “FN1 Substitution Values” section of the “User Preferences” chapter of this book to set the Key Category and Key Value.



Enable FN1 Substitution



*Disable FN1 Substitution

Function Key Mapping

ASCII values under 32 are normally sent as a control-key sequences. See “ASCII Character Set for USB” table of this chapter for more information. When this parameter is enabled, the keys in bold are sent in place of the standard key mapping. Table entries that do not have a bold entry remain the same whether this parameter is enabled.



*Disable Function Key Mapping



Enable Function Key Mapping

Simulated Caps Lock

When enabled, the scanner inverts upper and lower case characters on the scanner bar code as if the Caps Lock state is enabled on the keyboard. This inversion is done regardless of the current state of the keyboard's Caps Lock state.



***Disable Simulated Caps Lock**



Enable Simulated Caps Lock

Convert Case

When enabled, the scanner converts all bar code data to the selected case.



***No Case Conversion**



Convert All to Upper Case



Convert All to Lower Case

ASCII CHARACTER SET FOR USB

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1000	%U	CTRL 2
1001	\$A	CTRL A
1002	\$B	CTRL B
1003	\$C	CTRL C
1004	\$D	CTRL D
1005	\$E	CTRL E
1006	\$F	CTRL F
1007	\$G	CTRL G
1008	\$H	CTRL H/ BACKSPACE ¹
1009	\$I	CTRL I/ HORIZONTAL TAB ¹
1010	\$J	CTRL J
1011	\$K	CTRL K
1012	\$L	CTRL L
1013	\$M	CTRL M/ ENTER ¹
1014	\$N	CTRL N
1015	\$O	CTRL O
1016	\$P	CTRL P
1017	\$Q	CTRL Q
1018	\$R	CTRL R
1019	\$S	CTRL S
1020	\$T	CTRL T
1021	\$U	CTRL U
1022	\$V	CTRL V
1023	\$W	CTRL W
1024	\$X	CTRL X
1025	\$Y	CTRL Y
1026	\$Z	CTRL Z
1027	%A	CTRL [/ESC1
1028	%B	CTRL \
1029	%C	CTRL]
1030	%D	CTRL 6
1031	%E	CTRL -
1032	Space	Space
1033	/A	!
1034	/B	“
1035	/C	#
1036	/D	\$
1037	/E	%

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1038	/F	&
1039	/G	‘
1040	/H	(
1041	/I)
1042	/J	*
1043	/K	+
1044	/L	,
1045	-	-
1046	.	.
1047	/O	/
1048	0	0
1049	1	1
1050	2	2
1051	3	3
1052	4	4
1053	5	5
1054	6	6
1055	7	7
1056	8	8
1057	9	9
1058	/Z	:
1059	%F	;
1060	%G	<
1061	%H	=
1062	%I	>
1063	%J	?
1064	%V	@
1065	A	A
1066	B	B
1067	C	C
1068	D	D
1069	E	E
1070	F	F
1071	G	G
1072	H	H
1073	I	I
1074	J	J
1075	K	K
1076	L	L
1077	M	M
1078	N	N

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1079	O	O
1080	P	P
1081	Q	Q
1082	R	R
1083	S	S
1084	T	T
1085	U	U
1086	V	V
1087	W	W
1088	X	X
1089	Y	Y
1090	Z	Z
1091	%K	[
1092	%L	\
1093	%M]
1094	%N	^
1095	%O	=
1096	%W	`
1097	+A	a
1098	+B	b
1099	+C	c
1100	+D	d
1101	+E	e
1102	+F	f
1103	+G	g
1104	+H	h
1105	+I	i
1106	+J	j
1107	+K	k
1108	+L	l
1109	+M	m
1110	+N	n
1111	+O	o
1112	+P	p
1113	+Q	q
1114	+R	r
1115	+S	s
1116	+T	t
1117	+U	u
1118	+V	v
1119	+W	w

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1120	+X	x
1121	+Y	y
1122	+Z	z
1123	%P	{
1124	%Q	
1125	%R	}
1126	%S	~

¹The keystroke in bold is sent only if the “Function Key Mapping” is enabled. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke is sent.

Symbologies

INTRODUCTION

This chapter describes symbology features and provides the programming bar codes for selecting these features. Before programming, follow the instructions in the “Getting Started” chapter of this book.

The scanner is shipped with the settings shown in the “Symbology Defaults” section of this chapter. *See also* “Standard Defaults” appendix of this book for all host device and miscellaneous defaults. If the default values suit requirements, programming is not necessary.

To set feature values, scan a single bar code or a short bar code sequence. The settings are stored in non-volatile memory and are preserved even when the scanner is powered down.

If you do not use a USB cable, select a host type (*see* each host chapter for specific host information) after the power-up beeps sound. This is only necessary upon the first power-up when connected to a new host.

To return all features to default values, scan the appropriate default bar code on the “Default Parameters” section of the “User Preferences” chapter of this book. Throughout the programming bar code menus, default values are indicated with asterisks (*).



* Indicates Default — ***Enable UPC-A** — Feature/Option

SCANNING SEQUENCE EXAMPLES

In most cases, scanning one bar code sets the parameter value.

Example: To transmit bar code data without the UPC-A check digit, simply scan the **Do Not Transmit UPC-A Check Digit** bar code under Transmit UPC-A Check Digit of chapter 2. The scanner issues a fast warble beep and the LED turns green that signifies a successful parameter entry.

Other parameters, such as Set Length(s) for D 2 of 5, require several bar codes to be scanned. *See* the individual parameter, such as “Set Length(s) for D 2 of 5”, for this procedure.

ERRORS WHILE SCANNING

Unless otherwise specified, to correct an error during a scanning sequence, just re-scan the correct parameter.

SYMBOLLOGY PARAMETER DEFAULTS

The table below lists the defaults for all symbologies parameters. To change any option, the appropriate bar code(s) provided in the Symbologies Parameters section.

Note: See “Standard Defaults” appendix of this book for all user preferences, hosts, symbologies, and miscellaneous default parameters.

Parameter	Default
UPC/EAN	
UPC-A	Enable
UPC-E	Enable
UPC-E1	Disable
EAN-8/JAN 8	Enable
EAN-13/JAN 13	Enable
Bookland EAN	Disable
Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals (2 and 5 digits)	Ignore
User-Programmable Supplementals	
Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy	7
Transmit UPC-A Check Digit	Enable
Transmit UPC-E Check Digit	Enable
Transmit UPC-E1 Check Digit	Enable
UPC-A Preamble	System Character
UPC-E Preamble	System Character
UPC-E1 Preamble	System Character
Convert UPC-E to A	Disable
Convert UPC-E1 to A	Disable
EAN-8/JAN-8 Extend	Disable
Bookland ISBN Format	ISBN-10
UCC Coupon Extended Code	Disable
Code 128	
Code 128	Enable
GS1-128 (formerly UCC/EAN-128)	Enable
ISBT 128 (non-concatenated)	Enable
Code 39	
Code 39	Enable
Trioptic Code 39	Disable
Convert Code 39 to Code 32 (Italian Pharmacy Code)	Disable
Code 32 Prefix	Disable
Set Length(s) for Code 39	2 to 55
Code 39 Check Digit Verification	Disable

Parameter	Default
Transmit Code 39 Check Digit	Disable
Code 39 Full ASCII Conversion	Disable
Buffer Code 39	Disable
Code 93	
Code 93	Disable
Set Length(s) for Code 93	4 to 55
Code 11	
Code 11	Disable
Set Lengths for Code 11	4 to 55
Code 11 Check Digit Verification	Disable
Transmit Code 11 Check Digit(s)	Disable
Interleaved 2 of 5 (ITF)	
Interleaved 2 of 5 (ITF)	Enable
Set Lengths for I 2 of 5	14
I 2 of 5 Check Digit Verification	Disable
Transmit I 2 of 5 Check Digit	Disable
Convert I 2 of 5 to EAN 13	Disable
Discrete 2 of 5 (DTF)	
Discrete 2 of 5	Disable
Set Length(s) for D 2 of 5	12
Chinese 2 of 5	
Enable/Disable Chinese 2 of 5	Disable
Codabar (NW - 7)	
Codabar	Disable
Set Lengths for Codabar	5 to 55
CLSI Editing	Disable
NOTIS Editing	Disable
MSI	
MSI	Disable
Set Length(s) for MSI	2 to 55
MSI Check Digits	One
Transmit MSI Check Digit	Disable
MSI Check Digit Algorithm	Mod 10/Mod 10
GS1 DataBar (formerly RSS, Reduced Space Symbology)	
GS1 DataBar-14	Disable
GS1 DataBar Limited	Disable
GS1 DataBar Expanded	Disable
Convert GS1 DataBar to UPC/EAN	Disable
Symbology - Specific Security Levels	

Symbologies

Parameter	Default
Redundancy Level	1
Security Levels	0
Bi-directional Redundancy	Disable

UPC/EAN

Enable/Disable UPC-A/UPC-E

To enable or disable UPC-A or UPC-E, scan the appropriate bar code below.



***Enable UPC-A**



Disable UPC-A



***Enable UPC-E**



Disable UPC-E

Enable/Disable UPC-E1

UPC-E1 is disabled by default.

To enable or disable UPC-E1, scan the appropriate bar code below.

Note: UPC-E1 is not a UCC (Uniform Code Council) approved symbology.



Enable UPC-E1



***Disable UPC-E1**

Enable/Disable EAN-13/EAN-8

To enable or disable EAN-13 or EAN-8, scan the appropriate bar code below.



***Enable EAN-13**



Disable EAN-13



***Enable EAN-8**



Disable EAN-8

Enable/Disable Bookland EAN

To enable or disable Bookland EAN, the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Bookland EAN



***Disable Bookland EAN**

Note: If you enable Bookland EAN, select from the “Bookland ISBN Format” section of this chapter. Also select either **Decode UPC/EAN Supplementals**, **Autodiscriminate UPC/EAN Supplementals**, or **Enable 978/979 Supplemental Mode** in the “Decode UPC/EAN/JAN” section of this chapter.

Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals

Supplementals are bar codes appended according to specific format conventions such as UPC A+2, UPC E+2, and EAN 13+2. The following options are available:

- If you select **Ignore UPC/EAN with Supplementals**, and the scanner is presented with a UPC/EAN plus supplemental symbol, the scanner decodes UPC/EAN and ignores the supplemental characters.
- If you select **Decode UPC/EAN with Supplementals**, the scanner only decodes UPC/EAN symbols with supplemental characters, and ignores symbols without supplementals.
- If you select **Autodiscriminate UPC/EAN Supplementals**, the scanner decodes UPC/EAN symbols with supplemental characters immediately. If the symbol does not have a supplemental, the scanner must decode the bar code the number of times set from the “UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy” section of this chapter before transmitting its data to confirm that there is no supplemental.
- If you select one of the following **Supplemental Mode** options, the scanner immediately transmits EAN-13 bar codes starting with that prefix that have supplemental characters. If the symbol does not have a supplemental, the scanner must decode the bar code the number of times set from the “UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy” section of this chapter before its data is transmitted to confirm that there is no supplemental. The scanner transmits UPC/EAN bar codes that do not have that prefix immediately.

- Enable 378/379 Supplemental Mode
- Enable 978/979 Supplemental Mode

Note: If you select **978/979 Supplemental Mode** and scan **Bookland EAN** bar codes, *see* the “Enable/Disable Bookland EAN” section of this chapter to enable Bookland EAN, and select a format using the “Bookland ISBN Formation” section of this chapter.

- Enable 977 Supplemental Mode
- Enable 414/419/434/439 Supplemental Mode
- Enable 491 Supplemental Mode
- Enable Smart Supplemental Mode—applies to EAN–13 bar codes starting with any prefix listed previously.
- Supplemental User-Programmable Type 1—applies to EAN–13 bar codes starting with a 3-digit user-defined prefix. *See* the “User-Programmable Supplementals” section of this chapter for more information.
- Supplemental User-Programmable Type 1 and 2—applies to EAN–13 bar codes starting with either of two 3-digit user-defined prefixes. Set the 3-digit prefixes using the “User-Programmable Supplementals” section of this chapter.
- Smart Supplemental Plus User-Programmable 1—applies to EAN–13 bar codes starting with any prefix listed previously or the user-defined prefix set using the “User-Programmable Supplementals” section of this chapter.
- Smart Supplemental Plus User-Programmable 1 and 2—applies to EAN–13 bar codes starting with any prefix listed previously or one of the two user-defined prefixes set using the “User-Programmable Supplementals” section of this chapter.

Note: To minimize the risk of invalid data transmission, select either to decode or ignore supplemental characters.



Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Only With Supplementals
(01h)



*Ignore Supplementals
(00h)



Autodiscriminate UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals
(02h)



Enable 378/379 Supplemental Mode
(04h)



Enable 978/979 Supplemental Mode
(05h)



Enable 977 Supplemental Mode
(07h)



Enable 414/419/434/439 Supplemental Mode
(06h)



Enable 491 Supplemental Mode
(08h)



Enable Smart Supplemental Mode
(03h)



Supplemental User-Programmable Type 1
(09h)



Supplemental User-Programmable Type 1 and 2
(0Ah)



Smart Supplemental Plus User-Programmable 1
(0Bh)



Smart Supplemental Plus User-Programmable 1 and 2
(0Ch)

User–Programmable Supplementals

If you select a Supplemental User-Programmable option from the “Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals” section of this chapter:

1. Select **User–Programmable Supplemental 1** to set the 3–digit prefix from the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.
2. Select the 3 digits using the numeric bar codes.
3. Select **User–Programmable Supplemental 2** to set a second 3–digit prefix.
4. Select the 3 digits using the numeric bar codes from the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.



User-Programmable Supplemental 1



User-Programmable Supplemental 2

UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy

With Autodiscriminate UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals selected, this option adjusts the number of times a symbol without supplementals is decoded before transmission. The range is from two to thirty times. Five or above is recommended when decoding a mix of UPC/EAN symbols with and without supplementals, and the autodiscriminate option is selected. The default is set at 7.

1. Scan the bar code below to set a decode redundancy value.
2. Scan two numeric bar codes from “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book. Single digit numbers must have a leading zero.
3. To correct an error or change a selection, scan **Cancel** from “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.



UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy

Transmit UPC–A Check Digit

The check digit is the last character of the symbol used to verify the integrity of the data. Scan the appropriate bar code below to transmit the bar code data with or without the UPC-A check digit. It is always verified to guarantee the integrity of the data.



***Transmit UPC-A Check Digit**



Do Not Transmit UPC-A Check Digit

Transmit UPC–E Check Digit

The check digit is the last character of the symbol used to verify the integrity of the data. Scan the appropriate bar code below to transmit the bar code data with or without the UPC-E check digit. It is always verified to guarantee the integrity of the data.



***Transmit UPC-E Check Digit**



Do Not Transmit UPC-E Check Digit

Transmit UPC–E1 Check Digit

The check digit is the last character of the symbol used to verify the integrity of the data. Scan the appropriate bar code below to transmit the bar code data with or without the UPC–E1 check digit. It is always verified to guarantee the integrity of the data.



***Transmit UPC-E1 Check Digit**



Do Not Transmit UPC-E1 Check Digit

UPC–A Preamble

Preamble characters are part of the UPC symbol consisting of Country Code and System Character. Three options are given for transmitting UPC–A preamble to the host device:

- Transmit System Character only
- Transmit System Character and Country Code (“0” for USA)
- No preamble transmitted

Scan a bar code below to match the host system.



**No Preamble
(<DATA>)**



***System Character
(<SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)**



System Character & Country Code
(< COUNTRY CODE> <SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)

UPC–E Preamble

Preamble characters are part of the UPC symbol consisting of Country Code and System Character. Three options are given for transmitting UPC–E preamble to the host device:

- Transmit System Character only
- Transmit System Character and Country Code (“0” for USA)
- No preamble transmitted

Scan a bar code below to match the host system.



No Preamble
(<DATA>)



***System Character**
(<SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)



System Character & Country Code
(< COUNTRY CODE> <SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)

UPC–E1 Preamble

Preamble characters are part of the UPC symbol consisting of Country Code and System Character. Three options are given for transmitting UPC–E1 preamble to the host device:

- Transmit System Character only
- Transmit System Character and Country Code (“0” for USA)
- No preamble transmitted

Scan a bar code below to match the host system.



No Preamble
(<DATA>)



***System Character**
(<SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)



System Character & Country Code
(< COUNTRY CODE> <SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)

Convert UPC–E to UPC–A

Enable this to convert UPC–E (zero suppressed) decoded data to UPC–A format before transmission. After conversion, the data follows UPC–A format and is affected by UPC–A programming selections such as Preamble and Check Digit.

When disabled, UPC–E decoded data is transmitted as UPC–E data, without conversion.



**Convert UPC-E1 to UPC-A
(Enable)**



***Do Not Convert UPC-E1 to UPC-A
(Disable)**

Convert UPC–E1 to UPC–A

Enable this to convert UPC–E1 decoded data to UPC–A format before transmission. After conversion, the data follows UPC–A format and is affected by UPC–A programming selections, for example Preamble and Check Digit.

When disabled, UPC–E1 decoded data is transmitted as UPC–E1 data, without conversion.



**Convert UPC-E1 to UPC-A
(Enable)**



***Do Not Convert UPC-E1 to UPC-A
(Disable)**

EAN-8/JAN-8 Extend

When enabled, this parameter adds five leading zeros to decoded EAN-8 symbols to make them compatible in format to EAN-13 symbols.

When disabled, EAN-8 symbols are transmitted as is.



Enable EAN/JAN Zero Extend



*Disable EAN/JAN Zero Extend

Bookland ISBN Format

If you enabled Bookland EAN from the “Enable/Disable Bookland EAN” section of the “Scanning” chapter of this book, select one of the following formats for Bookland data:

- **Bookland ISBN-10**—The scanner reports Bookland data starting with 978 in traditional 10-digit format with the special Bookland check digit for backward-compatibility. Data starting with 979 is not considered Bookland in this mode.
- **Bookland ISBN-13**—The scanner reports Bookland data (starting with either 978 or 979) as EAN-13 in 13-digit format to meet the 2007 ISBN-13 protocol.



*Bookland ISBN-10
(00h)



Bookland ISBN-13
(01h)

Note: For Bookland EAN to function properly, first enable Bookland EAN in the “Enable/Disable Bookland EAN” section of this chapter, then select either **Decode UPC/EAN Supplementals**, **Autodiscriminate UPC/EAN Supplementals**, or **Enable 978/979 Supplemental Mode** in the 'Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals’ section of this chapter.

UCC Coupon Extended Code

When enabled, this parameter decodes UPCA bar codes starting with digit ‘5’, EAN–13 bar codes starting with digit ‘99’, and UPCA/EAN–128 Coupon Codes. UPCA, EAN–13 and EAN–128 must be enabled to scan all types of Coupon Codes.



Enable UCC Coupon Extended Code



***Disable UCC Coupon Extended Code**

Note: Use the Decode UPC/EAN Supplemental Redundancy parameter to control autodiscrimination of the EAN128 (right half) of a coupon code.

CODE 128

Enable/Disable Code 128

To enable or disable Code 128, scan the appropriate bar code below.



***Enable Code 128**



Disable Code 128

Enable/Disable GS1-128 (formerly UCC/EAN-128)

To enable or disable GS1-128, scan the appropriate bar code below.



***Enable GS1-128**



Disable GS1-128

Enable/Disable ISBT 128

ISBT 128 is a variant of Code 128 used in the blood bank industry. Scan the appropriate bar code below to enable or disable ISBT 128. If necessary, the host must perform concatenation of the ISBT data.



***Enable ISBT 128**



Disable ISBT 128

CODE 39

Enable/Disable Code 39

To enable or disable Code 39, scan the appropriate bar code below.



***Enable Code 39**



Disable Code 39

Enable/Disable Trioptic Code 39

Trioptic Code 39 is a variant of Code 39 used in the marking of computer tape cartridges. Trioptic Code 39 symbols always contain six characters. To enable or disable Trioptic Code 39, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Trioptic Code 39



***Disable Trioptic Code 39**

Note:Trioptic Code 39 and Code 39 Full ASCII cannot be enabled simultaneously.

Convert Code 39 to Code 32

Code 32 is a variant of Code 39 used by the Italian pharmaceutical industry. Scan the appropriate bar code below to enable or disable converting Code 39 to Code 32.

Note: Code 39 must be enabled for this parameter to function.



Enable Convert Code 39 to Code 32



***Disable Convert Code 39 to Code 32**

Code 32 Prefix

Scan the appropriate bar code below to enable or disable adding the prefix character “A” to all Code 32 bar codes.

Note: Convert Code 39 to Code 32 must be enabled for this parameter to function.



Enable Code 32 Prefix



***Disable Code 32 Prefix**

Set Lengths for Code 39

The length of a code refers to the number of characters, for example human readable characters, including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for Code 39 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range. If Code 39 Full ASCII is enabled, select **Length Within a Range** or **Any Length**.

Note: When setting lengths for different bar code types by scanning single digit numbers, single digit numbers must always be preceded by a leading zero.

- **One Discrete Length**—Select this option to decode only Code 39 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only Code 39 symbols with 14 characters, scan **Code 39–One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Two Discrete Lengths**— Select this option to decode only Code 39 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only those Code 39 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **Code 39–Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0**, **2**, **1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Length Within Range**—Select this option to decode a Code 39 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode Code 39 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **Code 39–Length Within Range**. Then scan **0**, **4**, **1**, and **2** (single digit numbers must always be preceded by a leading zero). To correct an error or change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Any Length**—Scan this option to decode Code 39 symbols containing any number of characters within the scanner capability.



Code 39 - One Discrete Length



Code 39 - Two Discrete Lengths



Code 39 - Length Within Range



Code 39 - Any Length

Code 39 Check Digit Verification

When this feature is enabled, the scanner checks the integrity of all Code 39 symbols to verify that the data complies with specified check digit algorithm. Only Code 39 symbols which include a modulo 43 check digit are decoded. Enable this feature if the Code 39 symbols contain a Modulo 43 check digit.



Enable Code 39 Check Digit



***Disable Code 39 Check Digit**

Transmit Code 39 Check Digit

Scan the appropriate bar code below to transmit Code 39 data with or without the check digit.



**Transmit Code 39 Check Digit
(Enable)**



***Do Not Transmit Code 39 Check Digit
(Disable)**

Note: Code 39 Check Digit Verification must be enabled for this parameter to function.

Code 39 Full ASCII Conversion

Code 39 Full ASCII is a variant of Code 39 which pairs characters to encode the full ASCII character set. To enable or disable Code 39 Full ASCII, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Code 39 Full ASCII



***Disable Code 39 Full ASCII**

Note: Trioptic Code 39 and Code 39 Full ASCII cannot be enabled simultaneously.

Code 39 Full ASCII to Full ASCII Correlation is host-dependent and is described in the ASCII Character Set table for the appropriate interface. See “ASCII Character Set for Keyboard Wedge” of the “Keyboard Wedge Interface” chapter, “ASCII Character Set for

RS-232” of the “RS232 Interface” chapter , and “ASCII Character Set for USB” of the “USB Interface” chapter for the appropriate interface.

Code 39 Buffering (Scan & Store)

This feature permits the scanner to accumulate data from multiple Code 39 symbols.

Select the **Scan and Store** option (Buffer Code 39) to temporarily buffer all Code 39 symbols having a leading space as a first character for later transmission. The leading space is not buffered.

Decode of a valid Code 39 symbol with no leading space causes transmission in sequence of all buffered data in a first-in first-out format, plus transmission of the “triggering” symbol. See the following pages for further details.

When the **Do Not Buffer Code 39** option is selected, all decoded Code 39 symbols are transmitted immediately without being stored in the buffer.

This feature affects Code 39 only. If you select **Buffer Code 39**, we recommend configuring the scanner to decode Code 39 symbology only.



**Buffer Code 39
(Enable)**



***Do Not Buffer Code 39
(Disable)**

While there is data in the transmission buffer, you can not select **Do Not Buffer Code 39**. The buffer holds 200 bytes of information.

To disable Code 39 buffering when there is data in the transmission buffer, first force the buffer transmission, *see* “Transmit Buffer” section of this chapter, or clear the buffer.

Buffer Data

To buffer data, enable Code 39 buffering and a Code 39 symbol must be read with a space immediately following the start pattern.

- Unless the data overflows the transmission buffer, the scanner issues a low/high beep to indicate successful decode and buffering. For overflow conditions, *see* “Overfilling Transmission Buffer” section of this chapter.

- The scanner adds the decoded data excluding the leading space to the transmission buffer.
- No transmission occurs.

Clear Transmission Buffer

To clear the transmission buffer, scan the **Clear Buffer** bar code below, which contains only a start character, a dash (minus), and a stop character.

- The scanner issues a short high/low/high beep.
- The scanner erases the transmission buffer.
- No transmission occurs.



Clear Buffer

Note: Because the Clear Buffer contains only the dash (minus) character, set the Code 39 length to include length 1 before scanning this bar code.

Transmit Buffer

There are two methods to transmit the Code 39 buffer.

- Scan the **Transmit Buffer** bar code below which contains only a start character, a plus (+), and a stop character.
 1. The scanner transmits and clears the buffer.
 2. The scanner issues a low/high beep.



Transmit Buffer

- Scan a **Code 39** bar code with a leading character other than a space.
 1. The scanner appends new decode data to buffered data.
 2. The scanner transmits and clears the buffer.
 3. The scanner signals that the buffer was transmitted with a low/high beep.
 4. Scanner transmits and clears the buffer.

Note: Because the Transmit Buffer contains only a plus (+) character, set the Code 39 length to include length 1 before scanning this bar code.

Overfilling Transmission Buffer

The Code 39 buffer holds 200 characters. If the symbol just read results in an overflow of the transmission buffer:

- The scanner indicates that the symbol was rejected by issuing three long, high beeps.
- No transmission occurs. The data in the buffer is not affected.

Attempt to Transmit an Empty Buffer

If the symbol just read was the **Transmit Buffer** symbol and the Code 39 buffer is empty:

- A short low/high/low beep signals that the buffer is empty.
- No transmission occurs.
- The buffer remains empty.

CODE 93

Enable/Disable Code 93

To enable or disable Code 93, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Code 93



*Disable Code 93

Set Lengths for Code 93

The length of a code refers to the number of characters such as human readable characters, including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for Code 93 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

- **One Discrete Length**—Select this option to decode only Code 93 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only Code 93 symbols with 14 characters, scan **Code 93–One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Two Discrete Lengths**—Select this option to decode only Code 93 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book

Example: To decode only those Code 93 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **Code 93–Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0**, **2**, **1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Length Within Range**—Select this option to decode a Code 93 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode Code 93 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **Code 93–Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1, and 2** (single digit numbers must always be preceded by a leading zero). To correct an error or change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book..

- **Any Length**—Scan this option to decode Code 93 symbols containing any number of characters within the scanner’s capability.



Code 93 - One Discrete Length



Code 93 - Two Discrete Lengths



Code 93 - Length Within Range



Code 93 - Any Length

CODE 11

Code 11

To enable or disable Code 11, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Code 11



*Disable Code 11

Set Lengths for Code 11

The length of a code refers to the number of characters such as human readable characters, including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for Code 11 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

- **One Discrete Length**—Select this option to decode only Code 11 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only Code 11 symbols with 14 characters, scan **Code 11–One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Two Discrete Lengths**—Select this option to decode only Code 11 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only those Code 11 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **Code 11–Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0, 2, 1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** on in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Length Within Range**—Select this option to decode a Code 11 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode Code 11 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **Code 11–Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1, and 2** (single digit numbers must always be preceded by a leading zero). To correct an error or change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Any Length**— scan this option to decode Code 11 symbols containing any number of characters within the scanner capability.



Code 11 - One Discrete Length



Code 11 - Two Discrete Lengths



Code 11 - Length Within Range



Code 11 - Any Length

Code 11 Check Digit Verification

This feature permits the scanner to check the integrity of all Code 11 symbols to verify that the data complies with the specified check digit algorithm. This selects the check digit mechanism for the decoded Code 11 bar code. The options are as follows:

- Check for one check digit
- Check for two check digits
- Disable the feature

To enable this feature, scan the bar code below corresponding to the number of check digits encoded in your Code 11 symbols.



***Disable**



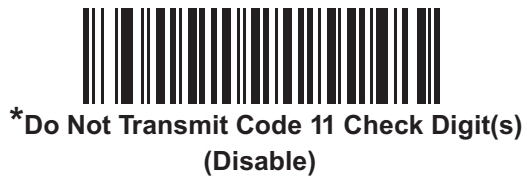
One Check Digit



Two Check Digits

Transmit Code 11 Check Digits

This feature selects whether to transmit the Code 11 check digit(s).



Note: Code 11 Check Digit Verification must be enabled for this parameter to function.

INTERLEAVED 2 OF 5 (ITF)

Enable/Disable Interleaved 2 of 5

To enable or disable Interleaved 2 of 5, scan the appropriate bar code below, and select an Interleaved 2 of 5 length from the following pages.



*Enable Interleaved 2 of 5



Disable Interleaved 2 of 5

Set Lengths for Interleaved 2 of 5

The length of a code refers to the number of characters such as human readable characters, including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for I 2 of 5 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

- **One Discrete Length**—Select this option to decode only I 2 of 5 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only I 2 of 5 symbols with 14 characters, scan **I 2 of 5—One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Two Discrete Lengths**—Select this option to decode only I 2 of 5 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only those I 2 of 5 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **I 2 of 5—Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0**, **2**, **1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Length Within Range**—Select this option to decode an I 2 of 5 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode I 2 of 5 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **I 2 of 5–Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1, and 2** (single digit numbers must always be preceded by a leading zero). To correct an error or change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Any Length**—Scan this option to decode I 2 of 5 symbols containing any number of characters within the scanner capability.

Note: Due to the construction of the I 2 of 5 symbology, it is possible for a scan line to cover only a portion of the code to be interpreted as a complete scan , yielding less data than is encoded in the bar code. To prevent this, select specific lengths (**I 2 of 5–One Discrete Length–Two Discrete Lengths**) for I 2 of 5 applications.



I 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length



I 2 of 5 - Two Discrete Lengths



I 2 of 5 - Length Within Range



I 2 of 5 - Any Length

I 2 of 5 Check Digit Verification

When this feature is enabled, the scanner checks the integrity of all I 2 of 5 symbols to verify the data complies with either the specified Uniform Symbology Specification (USS), or the Optical Product Code Council (OPCC) check digit algorithm.



***Disable**



USS Check Digit



OPCC Check Digit

Transmit I 2 of 5 Check Digit

Scan the appropriate bar code below to transmit I 2 of 5 data with or without the check digit.



**Transmit I 2 of 5 Check Digit
(Enable)**



***Do Not Transmit I 2 of 5 Check Digit
(Disable)**

Convert I 2 of 5 to EAN-13

Enable this parameter to convert 14-character I 2 of 5 codes to EAN-13, and transmit to the host as EAN-13. To accomplish this the I 2 of 5 code must be enabled, and the code must have a leading zero and a valid EAN-13 check digit.



**Convert I 2 of 5 to EAN-13
(Enable)**



***Do Not Convert I 2 of 5 to EAN-13
(Disable)**

DISCRETE 2 OF 5 (DTF)

Enable/Disable Discrete 2 of 5

To enable or disable Discrete 2 of 5, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Discrete 2 of 5



*Disable Discrete 2 of 5

Set Lengths for Discrete 2 of 5

The length of a code refers to the number of characters such as human readable characters, including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for D 2 of 5 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

- **One Discrete Length**—Select this option to decode only D 2 of 5 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only D 2 of 5 symbols with 14 characters, scan **D 2 of 5–One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Two Discrete Lengths**—Select this option to decode only D 2 of 5 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only those D 2 of 5 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **D 2 of 5–Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0**, **2**, **1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Length Within Range**—Select this option to decode a D 2 of 5 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode D 2 of 5 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **D 2 of 5–Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1, and 2** (single digit numbers must always be preceded by a leading zero). To correct an error or change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Any Length**—Scan this option to decode D 2 of 5 symbols containing any number of characters within the scanner capability.

Note: Due to the construction of the D 2 of 5 symbology, it is possible for a scan line to cover only a portion of the code to be interpreted as a complete scan, yielding less data than is encoded in the bar code. To prevent this, select specific lengths (**D 2 of 5–One Discrete Length–Two Discrete Lengths**) for D 2 of 5 applications.



D 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length



D 2 of 5 - Two Discrete Lengths



D 2 of 5 - Length Within Range



I 2 of 5 - Any Length

CHINESE 2 OF 5

Enable/Disable Chinese 2 of 5

To enable or disable Chinese 2 of 5, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Chinese 2 of 5



***Disable Chinese 2 of 5**

CODABAR (NW-7)

Enable/Disable Codabar

To enable or disable Codabar, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Codabar



*Disable Codabar

Set Lengths for Codabar

The length of a code refers to the number of characters such as human readable characters), including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for Codabar to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

- **One Discrete Length**—Select this option to decode only Codabar symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only Codabar symbols with 14 characters, scan **Codabar–One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Two Discrete Lengths**—Select this option to decode only Codabar symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only Codabar symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **Codabar–Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0**, **2**, **1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Length Within Range**—Select this option to decode a Codabar symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode Codabar symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **Codabar–Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1, and 2** (single digit numbers must always be preceded by a leading zero). To correct an error or change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Any Length**—Scan this option to decode Codabar symbols containing any number of characters within the scanner capability.



Codabar - One Discrete Length



Codabar - Two Discrete Lengths



Codabar - Length Within Range



Codabar - Any Length

CLSI Editing

When enabled, this parameter strips the start and stop characters and inserts a space after the first, fifth, and tenth characters of a 14-character Codabar symbol. Enable this feature if your host system requires this data format.

Note: Symbol length does not include start and stop characters.



Enable CLSI Editing



***Disable CLSI Editing**

NOTIS Editing

When enabled, this parameter strips the start and stop characters from a decoded Codabar symbol. Enable this feature if your host system requires this data format.



Enable NOTIS Editing



***Disable NOTIS Editing**

MSI

Enable/Disable MSI

To enable or disable MSI, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Set Lengths for MSI

The length of a code refers to the number of characters such as human readable characters, including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for MSI to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

- **One Discrete Length**—Select this option to decode only MSI symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only MSI symbols with 14 characters, scan **MSI–One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Two Discrete Lengths**—Select this option to decode only MSI symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode only MSI symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **MSI–Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0**, **2**, **1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Length Within Range**—Select this option to decode a MSI symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

Example: To decode MSI symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **MSI–Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1,** and **2** (single digit numbers must always be preceded by a leading zero). To correct an error or change the selection, scan **Cancel** in the “Numeric Bar Codes” appendix of this book.

- **Any Length**—Scan this option to decode MSI symbols containing any number of characters within the scanner capability.

Note: Due to the construction of the MSI symbology, it is possible for a scan line to cover only a portion of the code to be interpreted as a complete scan , yielding less data than is encoded in the bar code. To prevent this, select specific lengths (**MSI–One Discrete Length–Two Discrete Lengths**) for MSI applications.



MSI - One Discrete Length



MSI - Two Discrete Lengths



MSI - Length Within Range



MSI - Any Length

MSI Check Digits

With MSI symbols, one check digit is mandatory and always verified by the reader. The second check digit is optional. If the MSI codes include two check digits, scan the **Two MSI Check Digits** bar code to enable verification of the second check digit.

See “MSI Check Digit Algorithm” section of this chapter for the selection of second digit algorithms.



*One MSI Check Digit



Two MSI Check Digits

Transmit MSI Check Digit(s)

Scan the appropriate bar code below to transmit MSI data with or without the check digit.



Transmit MSI Check Digit(s)
(Enable)



*Do Not Transmit MSI Check Digit(s)
(Disable)

MSI Check Digit Algorithm

Two algorithms are possible for the verification of the second MSI check digit. Select the bar code below corresponding to the algorithm used to encode your check digit.



MOD 10/MOD 11



***MOD 10/MOD 10**

GS1 DATABAR (FORMERLY RSS, REDUCED SPACE SYMBOLOGY)

The following are the variants of GS1 DataBar:

- GS1 DataBar-14
- GS1 DataBar Expanded
- GS1 DataBar Limited

GS1 DataBar-14 and GS1 DataBar Expanded include stacked versions. Scan the appropriate bar code below to enable or disable each variant of GS1 DataBar.



Enable GS1 DataBar-14



***Disable GS1 DataBar-14**



Enable GS1 DataBar Limited



***Disable GS1 DataBar Limited**



Enable GS1 DataBar Expanded



***Disable GS1 DataBar Expanded**

Convert GS1 DataBar to UPC/EAN

This parameter only applies to GS1 DataBar-14 and GS1 DataBar Limited symbols not decoded as part of a Composite symbol. Enable this to strip the leading '010' from GS1 DataBar-14 and GS1 DataBar Limited symbols encoding a single zero as the first digit, and report the bar code as EAN-13.

For bar codes beginning with two or more zeros but not six zeros, this parameter strips the leading '0100' and reports the bar code as UPC-A. The UPC-A Preamble parameter that transmits the system character and country code applies to converted bar codes.

Note: Neither the system character nor the check digit can be stripped.



Enable Convert GS1 DataBar to UPC/EAN



***Disable Convert GS1 DataBar to UPC/EAN**

SYMBOLOLOGY-SPECIFIC SECURITY LEVELS

Redundancy Level

The scanner offers four levels of decode redundancy. Select higher redundancy levels for decreasing levels of bar code quality. As redundancy levels increase, the scanner's aggressiveness decreases.

Select the redundancy level appropriate for the bar code quality.

Redundancy Level 1

The following code types must be successfully read twice before being decoded:

Code Type	Code Length
Codabar	8 characters or less
MSI	4 characters or less
D 2 of 5	8 characters or less
I 2 of 5	8 characters or less

Redundancy Level 2

The following code types must be successfully read twice before being decoded:

Code Type	Code Length
All	All

Redundancy Level 3

Code types other than the following must be successfully read twice before being decoded. The following codes must be read three times:

Code Type	Code Length
MSI	4 characters or less
D 2 of 5	8 characters or less
I 2 of 5	8 characters or less
Codabar	8 characters or less

Redundancy Level 4

The following code types must be successfully read three times before being decoded:

Code Type	Code Length
All	All



***Redundancy Level 1**



Redundancy Level 2



Redundancy Level 3



Redundancy Level 4

Security Level

The scanner offers four levels of decode security for delta bar codes:

- Code 128 family
- UPC/EAN
- Code 93

Select increasing levels of security for decreasing levels of bar code quality. There is an inverse relationship between security and scanner aggressiveness, so select only that level of security necessary for any given application.

- **Security Level 0**—This default setting permits the scanner to operate in its most aggressive state, while providing sufficient security in decoding most “in-spec” bar codes.
- **Security Level 1**—Select this option if misdecodes occur. This security level should eliminate most misdecodes.

- **Security Level 2**—Select this option if Security level 1 fails to eliminate misdecodes.
- **Security Level 3**—If Security Level 2 is selected and misdecodes still occur, select this security level. Be advised that if you select this option, this is an extreme measure against mis-decoding severely out of spec bar codes. The selection of this level of security significantly impairs the decoding ability of the scanner. If this level of security is necessary, try to improve the quality of the bar codes.



***Security Level 0**



Security Level 1



Security Level 2



Security Level 3

Bi-directional Redundancy

Enable Bi-directional Redundancy to add security to linear code type security levels. When enabled, a bar code must be successfully scanned in both directions (forward and reverse) before reporting a good decode.



Enable Bi-directional Redundancy



***Disable Bi-directional Redundancy**

SYMBOLGY-INTERCHARACTER GAP

The Code 39 and Codabar symbologies have an intercharacter gap that is customarily quite small. Due to various bar code printing technologies, this gap may grow larger than the maximum size allowed, causing the scanner to be unable to decode the symbol. If this problem is encountered, scan **Large Intercharacter Gaps** to tolerate out-of-specification bar codes.



***Normal Intercharacter Gaps**



Large Intercharacter Gaps

Symbologies

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123Scan

INTRODUCTION

123Scan is a Windows[®]-based utility that programs the scanner with all parameters including ADF rules. An ADF rule modifies bar code data before it is sent to the host to ensure compatibility between bar coded data and the host application. Scanners can be programmed via PC download or by scanning a sheet of bar codes generated by the utility. Scanner programming is saved in a file for electronic distribution. The 123Scan program includes a help file.

COMMUNICATION WITH 123SCAN

To communicate with the 123Scan program which runs on a host computer running a Windows operating system, use an RS-232 cable to connect the scanner to the host computer. *See* the “Connecting an RS-232 Interface” section of “RS-232 Interface” chapter for more information.

123Scan requirements:

- Host computer with Windows 98, Windows NT, Windows 2000, or Windows XP
- Scanner
- RS-232 cable

123SCAN PARAMETER

To communicate with the 123Scan program, load 123Scan, included in the documentation CD-ROM, onto the host computer, and the bar code below. Refer to 123Scan instructions for programming the scanner.

Scan the bar code below to enable the 123Scan interface on the scanner.



123Scan Configuration

Standard Defaults

The following table displays all default parameters:

Parameter	Default
User Preferences	
Set Default Parameter	Restore Defaults
Beeper Tone	Medium
Beeper Volume	High
Power Mode	Continuous On
Line Width	Full Width
Laser On Time	3.0 Sec
Beep After Good Decode	Enable
Transmit Code ID Character	None
Prefix Value	7013 <CR><LF>
Suffix Value	7013 <CR><LF>
Data Transmission Format	Data As Is
FN1 Substitution Values	Set
Transmit “No Read” Message	Disable
Keyboard Wedge Host Parameters	
Keyboard Wedge Host Type	IBM PC/AT& IBM PC Compatibles ¹
Country Types (Country Codes)	North American
Ignore Unknown Characters	Send
Keystroke Delay	No Delay
Intra-Keystroke Delay	Disable
Alternate Numeric Keypad Emulation	Disable
Caps Lock On	Disable
Caps Lock Override	Disable
Convert Wedge Data	No Convert
Function Key Mapping	Disable
FN1 Substitution	Disable
Send and Make Break	Send
RS-232 Host Parameters	
RS-232 Host Types	Standard
Baud Rate	9600
Parity Type	None
Stop Bit Select	1 Stop Bit

Standard Defaults

Parameter	Default
Data Bits (ASCII Format)	8-Bit
Check Receive Errors	Enable
Hardware Handshaking	None
Software Handshaking	None
Host Serial Response Time-out	2 Sec
RTS Line State	Low RTS
Beep on <BEL>	Disable
Intercharacter Delay	0 msec
Nixdorf Beep/LED Options	Normal Operation
Ignore Unknown Characters	Send Bar Code
USB Host Parameters	
USB Device Type	HID Keyboard Emulation
USB Country Keyboard Types (Country Codes)	North American
USB Keystroke Delay	No Delay
USB CAPS Lock Override	Disable
USB Ignore Unknown Characters	Send
Emulate Keypad	Disable
USB FN1 Substitution	Disable
Function Key Mapping	Disable
Simulated Caps Lock	Disable
Convert Case	No Case Conversion
UPC/EAN	
UPC-A	Enable
UPC-E	Enable
UPC-E1	Disable
EAN-8/JAN 8	Enable
EAN-13/JAN 13	Enable
Bookland EAN	Disable
Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals (2 and 5 digits)	Ignore
User-Programmable Supplementals	
Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy	7
Transmit UPC-A Check Digit	Enable
Transmit UPC-E Check Digit	Enable
Transmit UPC-E1 Check Digit	Enable
UPC-A Preamble	System Character
UPC-E Preamble	System Character
UPC-E1 Preamble	System Character
Convert UPC-E to A	Disable
Convert UPC-E1 to A	Disable
EAN-8/JAN-8 Extend	Disable
Bookland ISBN Format	ISBN-10

Parameter	Default
UCC Coupon Extended Code	Disable
Code 128	
Code 128	Enable
GS1-128 (formerly UCC/EAN-128)	Enable
ISBT 128 (non-concatenated)	Enable
Code 39	
Code 39	Enable
Trioptic Code 39	Disable
Convert Code 39 to Code 32 (Italian Pharmacy Code)	Disable
Code 32 Prefix	Disable
Set Length(s) for Code 39	2 to 55
Code 39 Check Digit Verification	Disable
Transmit Code 39 Check Digit	Disable
Code 39 Full ASCII Conversion	Disable
Buffer Code 39	Disable
Code 93	
Code 93	Disable
Set Length(s) for Code 93	4 to 55
Code 11	
Code 11	Disable
Set Lengths for Code 11	4 to 55
Code 11 Check Digit Verification	Disable
Transmit Code 11 Check Digit(s)	Disable
Interleaved 2 of 5 (ITF)	
Interleaved 2 of 5 (ITF)	Enable
Set Lengths for I 2 of 5	14
I 2 of 5 Check Digit Verification	Disable
Transmit I 2 of 5 Check Digit	Disable
Convert I 2 of 5 to EAN 13	Disable
Discrete 2 of 5 (DTF)	
Discrete 2 of 5	Disable
Set Length(s) for D 2 of 5	12
Chinese 2 of 5	
Enable/Disable Chinese 2 of 5	Disable
Codabar (NW- 7)	
Codabar	Disable
Set Lengths for Codabar	5 to 55
CLSI Editing	Disable
NOTIS Editing	Disable

Standard Defaults

Parameter	Default
MSI	
MSI	Disable
Set Length(s) for MSI	2 to 55
MSI Check Digits	One
Transmit MSI Check Digit	Disable
MSI Check Digit Algorithm	Mod 10/Mod 10
GS1 DataBar (formerly RSS, Reduced Space Symbology)	
GS1 DataBar-14	Disable
GS1 DataBar Limited	Disable
GS1 DataBar Expanded	Disable
Convert GS1 DataBar to UPC/EAN	Disable
Symbology – Specific Security Levels	
Redundancy Level	1
Security Levels	0
Bi-directional Redundancy	Disable
123Scan Configuration Tool	
123Scan Configuration	None ¹
¹ User selection is required to configure this interface and this is the most common selection.	

Programming Reference

SYMBOL CODE IDENTIFIERS

The following table displays the Symbol Code characters:

Code Character	Code Type
A	UPC–A, UPC–E, UPC–E1, EAN–8, EAN–13
B	Code 39, Code 39 Full ASCII, Code 32
C	Codabar
D	Code 128, ISBT 128
E	Code 93
F	Interleaved 2 of 5
G	Discrete 2 of 5, or Discrete 2 of 5 IATA
H	Code 11
J	MSI
K	GS1–128
L	Bookland EAN
M	Trioptic Code 39
N	Coupon Code
R	GS1 DataBar Family

AIM CODE IDENTIFIERS

Each AIM Code Identifier contains the three-character string **]cm** where:

]=Flag Character (ASCII 93)

c=Code Character (*See* the table that displays the Aim Code characters)

m=Modifier Character (*See* the table that displays the Modifier characters)

The following table displays the **Aim Code** characters:

Code Character	Code Type
A	Code 39, Code 39 Full ASCII, Code 32
C	Code 128 (all variants), Coupon (Code 128 portion)
E	UPC/EAN, Coupon (UPC portion)
e	GS1 DataBar Family
F	Codabar
G	Code 93
H	Code 11
I	Interleaved 2 of 5
M	MSI
S	D2 of 5, IATA 2 of 5
X	Bookland EAN, Trioptic Code 39

The table below displays the **Modifier** character that is the sum of the applicable option values:

Code Type	Option Value	Option
Code 39	0	No check character or Full ASCII processing.
	1	Reader has checked one check character.
	3	Reader has checked and stripped check character.
	4	Reader has performed Full ASCII character conversion.
	5	Reader has performed Full ASCII character conversion and checked one check character.
	7	Reader has performed Full ASCII character conversion and checked and stripped check character.
	Example: A Full ASCII bar code with check character W, A+I+MI+DW, is transmitted as]A7AIMID where 7 = (3+4).	
Trioptic Code 39	0	No option specified at this time. Always transmit 0.
	Example: A Trioptic bar code 412356 is transmitted as]X0412356	
Code 128	0	Standard data packet, no Function code 1 in first symbol position.
	1	Function code 1 in first symbol character position.
	2	Function code 1 in second symbol character position.
	Example: A Code (EAN) 128 bar code with Function 1 character FNC1 in the first position, AIMID is transmitted as]C1AIMID	
I 2 of 5	0	No check digit processing.
	1	Reader has validated check digit.
	3	Reader has validated and stripped check digit.
	Example: An I 2 of 5 bar code without check digit, 4123, is transmitted as]I04123	

Code Type	Option Value	Option
Codabar	0	No check digit processing.
	1	Reader has checked check digit.
	3	Reader has stripped check digit before transmission.
	Example: A Codabar bar code without check digit, 4123, is transmitted as]F04123	
Code 93	0	No options specified at this time. Always transmit 0.
	Example: A Code 93 bar code 012345678905 is transmitted as]G0012345678905	
MSI	0	Check digits are sent.
	1	No check digit is sent.
	Example: An MSI bar code 4123, with a single check digit checked, is transmitted as]M14123	
D 2 of 5	0	No options specified at this time. Always transmit 0.
	Example: A D 2 of 5 bar code 4123, is transmitted as]S04123	
UPC/EAN	0	Standard packet in full EAN country code format, which is 13 digits for UPC–A and UPC–E (not including supplemental data).
	1	Two–digit supplement data only.
	2	Five–digit supplement data only.
	4	EAN–8 data packet.
	Example: A UPC–A bar code 012345678905 is transmitted as]E00012345678905	
Bookland EAN	0	No options specified at this time. Always transmit 0.
	Example: A Bookland EAN bar code 123456789X is transmitted as]X0123456789X	
Code 11	0	Single check digit
	1	Two check digits
	3	Check characters validated but not transmitted.

Code Type	Option Value	Option
GS1 DataBar Family		No option specified at this time. Always transmit 0. GS1 DataBar-14 and GS1 DataBar Limited transmit with an Application Identifier “01”.Note: In GS1-128 emulation mode, GS1 DataBar is transmitted using Code 128 rules (i.e.,]C1).
	Example: A GS1 DataBar-14 bar code 100123456788902 is transmitted as]e001100123456788902.	

Sample Bar Codes

CODE 39



UPC/EAN

UPC-A, 100%



EAN-13, 100%



INTERLEAVED 2 OF 5



12345678901231

GS1 DATABAR

Note: GS1 DataBar variants must be enabled to read the bar codes below. See “GS1 DataBar”, formerly Reduced Space Symbology (RSS), of the “Symbologies” chapter of this book..



10293847560192837465019283746029478450366523
(GS1 DataBar Expanded Stacked)



1234890hjio9900mnb
(GS1 DataBar Expanded)



08672345650916
(GS1 DataBar Limited)

GS1 DataBar-14



55432198673467
(GS1 DataBar-14 Truncated)



90876523412674
(GS1 DataBar-14 Stacked)



78123465709811
(GS1 DataBar-14 Stacked Omni-Directional)

Sample Bar Codes

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Numeric Bar Codes

For parameters requiring specific numeric values, scan the appropriately numbered bar code(s).



Numeric Bar Codes



5



6



7



8



9

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CANCEL

To correct an error or change a selection, scan the bar code below.



Cancel

Numeric Bar Codes

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Character Sets

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1000	%U	CTRL 2
1001	\$A	CTRL A
1002	\$B	CTRL B
1003	\$C	CTRL C
1004	\$D	CTRL D
1005	\$E	CTRL E
1006	\$F	CTRL F
1007	\$G	CTRL G
1008	\$H	CTRL H/ BACKSPACE ¹
1009	\$I	CTRL I/ HORIZONTAL TAB ¹
1010	\$J	CTRL J
1011	\$K	CTRL K
1012	\$L	CTRL L
1013	\$M	CTRL M/ ENTER ¹
1014	\$N	CTRL N
1015	\$O	CTRL O
1016	\$P	CTRL P
1017	\$Q	CTRL Q
1018	\$R	CTRL R
1019	\$S	CTRL S
1020	\$T	CTRL T
1021	\$U	CTRL U
1022	\$V	CTRL V
1023	\$W	CTRL W
1024	\$X	CTRL X
1025	\$Y	CTRL Y
1026	\$Z	CTRL Z
1027	%A	CTRL [
1028	%B	CTRL \
1029	%C	CTRL]
1030	%D	CTRL 6
1031	%E	CTRL -
1032	Space	Space
1033	/A	!

Character Sets

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1034	/B	“
1035	/C	#
1036	/D	?
1037	/E	%
1038	/F	&
1039	/G	‘
1040	/H	(
1041	/I)
1042	/J	*
1043	/K	+
1044	/L	,
1045	-	-
1046	.	.
1047	/o	/
1048	0	0
1049	1	1
1050	2	2
1051	3	3
1052	4	4
1053	5	5
1054	6	6
1055	7	7
1056	8	8
1057	9	9
1058	/Z	:
1059	%F	;
1060	%G	<
1061	%H	=
1062	%I	>
1063	%J	?
1064	%V	@
1065	A	A
1066	B	B
1067	C	C
1068	D	D
1069	E	E
1070	F	F
1071	G	G
1072	H	H
1073	I	I
1074	J	J

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ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1075	K	K
1076	L	L
1077	M	M
1078	N	N
1079	O	O
1080	P	P
1081	Q	Q
1082	R	R
1083	S	S
1084	T	T
1085	U	U
1086	V	V
1087	W	W
1088	X	X
1089	Y	Y
1090	Z	Z
1091	%K	[
1092	%L	\
1093	%M]
1094	%N	^
1095	%O	_
1096	%W	`
1097	+A	a
1098	+B	b
1099	+C	c
1100	+D	d
1101	+E	e
1102	+F	f
1103	+G	g
1104	+H	h
1105	+I	i
1106	+J	j
1107	+K	k
1108	+L	l
1109	+M	m
1110	+N	n
1111	+O	o
1112	+P	p
1113	+Q	q
1114	+R	r
1115	+S	s

Character Sets

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1116	+T	t
1117	+U	u
1118	+V	v
1119	+W	w
1120	+X	x
1121	+Y	y
1122	+Z	z
1123	%P	{
1124	%Q	I
1125	%R	}
1126	%S	~

¹The keystroke in bold is sent only if the “Function Key Mapping” is enabled. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke is sent.

ALT Keys	Keystroke
2064	ALT 2
2065	ALT A
2066	ALT B
2067	ALT C
2068	ALT D
2069	ALT E
2070	ALT F
2071	ALT G
2072	ALT H
2073	ALT I
2074	ALT J
2075	ALT K
2076	ALT L
2077	ALT M
2078	ALT N
2079	ALT O
2080	ALT P
2081	ALT Q
2082	ALT R
2083	ALT S
2084	ALT T
2085	ALT U
2086	ALT V
2087	ALT W
2088	ALT X
2089	ALT Y

ALT Keys	Keystroke
2090	ALT Z
Misc. Key	Keystroke
3001	PA 1
3002	PA 2
3003	CMD 1
3004	CMD 2
3005	CMD 3
3006	CMD 4
3007	CMD 5
3008	CMD 6
3009	CMD 7
3010	CMD 8
3011	CMD 9
3012	CMD 10
3013	CMD 11
3014	CMD 12
3015	CMD 13
3016	CMD 14
Other Value	Keystroke
3048	GUI 0
3049	GUI 1
3050	GUI 2
3051	GUI 3
3052	GUI 4
3053	GUI 5
3054	GUI 6
3055	GUI 7
3056	GUI 8
3057	GUI 9
3065	GUI A
3066	GUI B
3067	GUI C
3068	GUI D
3069	GUI E
3070	GUI F
3071	GUI G
3072	GUI H
3073	GUI I
3074	GUI J

Character Sets

Other Value	Keystroke
3075	GUI K
3076	GUI L
3077	GUI M
3078	GUI N
3079	GUI O
3080	GUI P
3081	GUI Q
3082	GUI R
3083	GUI S
3084	GUI T
3085	GUI U
3086	GUI V
3087	GUI W
3088	GUI X
3089	GUI Y
3090	GUI Z

GUI Shift Keys

The Apple™ iMac keyboard has an apple key on either side of the space bar. Windows-based systems have a GUI key to the left of the left ALT key, and to the right of the right ALT key.

PF Keys	Keystroke
4001	PF 1
4002	PF 2
4003	PF 3
4004	PF 4
4005	PF 5
4006	PF 6
4007	PF 7
4008	PF 8
4009	PF 9
4010	PF 10
4011	PF 11
4012	PF 12
4013	PF 13
4014	PF 14
4015	PF 15
4016	PF 16

F Keys	Keystroke
5001	F 1
5002	F 2

F Keys	Keystroke
5003	F 3
5004	F 4
5005	F 5
5006	F 6
5007	F 7
5008	F 8
5009	F 9
5010	F 10
5011	F 11
5012	F 12
5013	F 13
5014	F 14
5015	F 15
5016	F 16
5017	F 17
5018	F 18
5019	F 19
5020	F 20
5021	F 21
5022	F 22
5023	F 23
5024	F 24
Numeric Keypad	Keystroke
6042	*
6043	+
6044	Undefined
6045	-
6046	.
6047	/
6048	0
6049	1
6050	2
6051	3
6052	4
6053	5
6054	6
6055	7
6056	8
6057	9
6058	Enter

Character Sets

Numeric Keypad	Keystroke
6059	Num Lock
Extended Keypad	Keystroke
7001	Break
7002	Delete
7003	Pg Up
7004	End
7005	Pg Dn
7006	Pause
7007	Scroll Lock
7008	Backspace
7009	Tab
7010	Print Screen
7011	Insert
7012	Home
7013	Enter
7014	Escape
7015	Up Arrow
7016	Dn Arrow
7017	Left Arrow
7018	Right Arrow